



# Crop Progress and Condition



## NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

United States Department of Agriculture • Washington, DC 20250

Northwest Regional Field Office • Olympia, WA 98507

Ag Statistics Hotline: 1-800-727-9540 • [www.nass.usda.gov](http://www.nass.usda.gov)

Released: November 14, 2022  
Week Ending: November 13, 2022

### In Cooperation with...

- University of Idaho Extension
- Idaho State Department of Agriculture
- Oregon State University Extension Service
- Oregon Department of Agriculture
- Washington State University Extension
- USDA, Farm Service Agency

### Regional Contacts

Phone: 1-800-435-5883

Email: [nassrfonwr@usda.gov](mailto:nassrfonwr@usda.gov)

- Washington – Dennis Koong, Regional Director
- Idaho – Ben Johnson, State Statistician
- Oregon – Dave Losh, State Statistician
- Alaska – Dennis Koong, Regional Director

## Cold Days, Colder Nights in Idaho

There were 3.5 days suitable for fieldwork, down from 5.3 days the previous week. Statewide, the weather cooled off, and winter took full effect. Soil moisture and pasture conditions increased slightly with the rain. It was below freezing for a week in northern Idaho, and some fields were snow-covered. In south central Idaho, some moisture this past week led to the first measurable snowfall. Grain corn harvest continued, but because of last week's moisture, it was put off for a couple of days. In southeast Idaho, the growing season ended, and there was snow on the ground.

## Cold and Dry Weather in Oregon with Some Snow and Rain in the Southwest Corner

There were 5.0 days suitable for fieldwork, down from 5.2 days the previous week. In northwest Oregon, the weather was cold and dry, with the first significant frost in many lower elevation areas. Soils were dry enough for crop work. There was some moisture for crops still in the soil. In north central Oregon, there was not a lot of moisture, and it was cold. In southwest Oregon, soaking rains improved both subsoil and topsoil moisture. In Malheur County, corn harvest was near completion. Cold temperatures slowed the emergence of winter wheat. Fall fieldwork continued. In Lake County, snow fell during the week. Livestock producers started to haul cattle to their winter and spring pastures in California.

## Rain, Snow, and Much Colder Temperatures in Washington

There were 4.0 days suitable for fieldwork in Washington, down from 4.3 days reported the previous week. A strong weather system moved out of northwest Washington. Dry conditions and much colder temperatures moved into the region. Most of the fall harvest was complete. There was still a little bit of corn for grain in the fields in east central and southeast Washington. In western Washington, temperatures fell well below 30 degrees. Consistent nightly frost was reported throughout the week. Central Washington received rain and snow early in the week, followed by a large temperature drop. There were 8 to 30 inches of snow reported on the ground throughout Okanogan County. Klickitat County started the week with a lot of rain and snow, which kept farmers out of the fields for a few days. Temperatures dropped by 20 degrees after the cold front moved through. Producers were still seeding a few fields of winter wheat. Cattle grazed on pasture. Livestock were anticipated to go on full feed soon. The week started with overcast and rain in Yakima County. Small amounts of snow were received as the temperature dropped. Later in the week, skies cleared. Apple harvest wrapped up in the upper Yakima Valley. Patches of snow were found in orchards over the weekend. In the lower Yakima Valley, field crews rushed early in the week to harvest apples like Cripps Pink and Fuji before the nighttime lows dropped into the teens. Orchard removal began with a few operations burning torn out trees over the weekend. In vegetable fields, field crews collected black plastic and irrigation tape. Some growers tilled the soil. Fall fieldwork was pretty much wrapped up in southeast Washington. Very cold temperatures were reported over the weekend in northeast and southeast Washington.

**Soil Moisture Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 11/13/22**

Item and State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Topsoil moisture				
Idaho.....	6	20	71	3
Oregon.....	15	38	43	4
Washington.....	3	26	66	5
Subsoil moisture				
Idaho.....	15	24	60	1
Oregon.....	21	36	42	1
Washington.....	6	27	63	4

**Pasture, Range, and Crop Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 11/13/22**

Crop and State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Pasture and range					
Idaho.....	17	22	30	31	-
Oregon.....	25	22	33	18	2
Washington.....	-	52	24	22	2
Winter wheat					
Idaho.....	3	4	52	37	4
Oregon.....	2	4	21	37	36
Washington.....	1	7	31	52	9

- Represents zero.

**Crop Progress — Idaho: Week Ending 11/13/22**

Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Winter wheat emerged.....	91	88	95	93
Sugarbeets harvested.....	97	92	97	96
Field corn harvested for grain.....	65	48	69	73

**Crop Progress — Oregon: Week Ending 11/13/22**

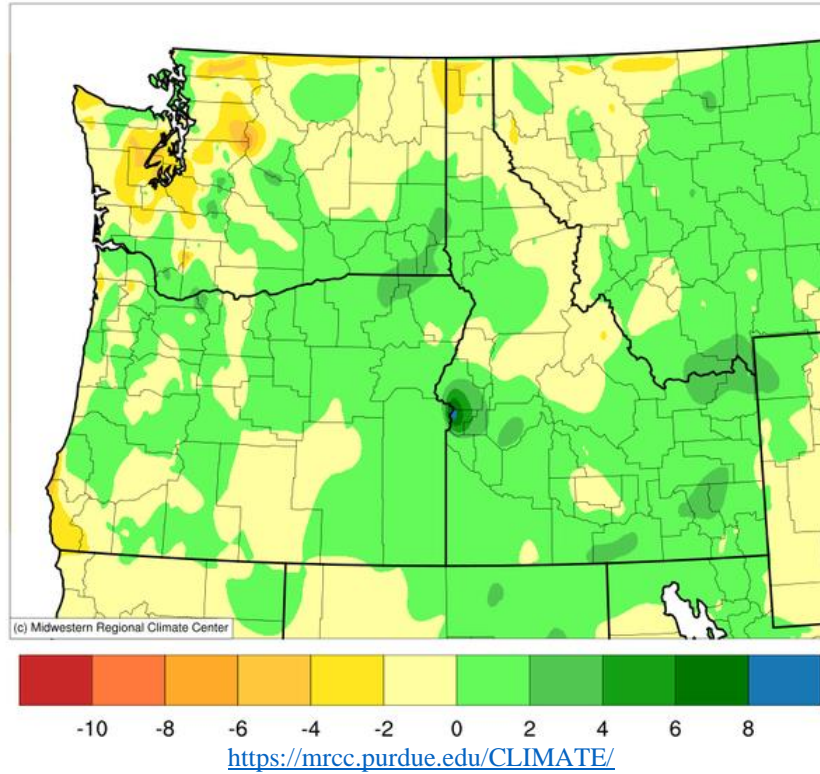
Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Winter wheat emerged.....	73	63	55	67
Field corn harvested for grain.....	87	81	87	84

**Crop Progress — Washington: Week Ending 11/13/22**

Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Winter wheat emerged.....	93	90	91	89
Field corn harvested for grain.....	94	83	92	85

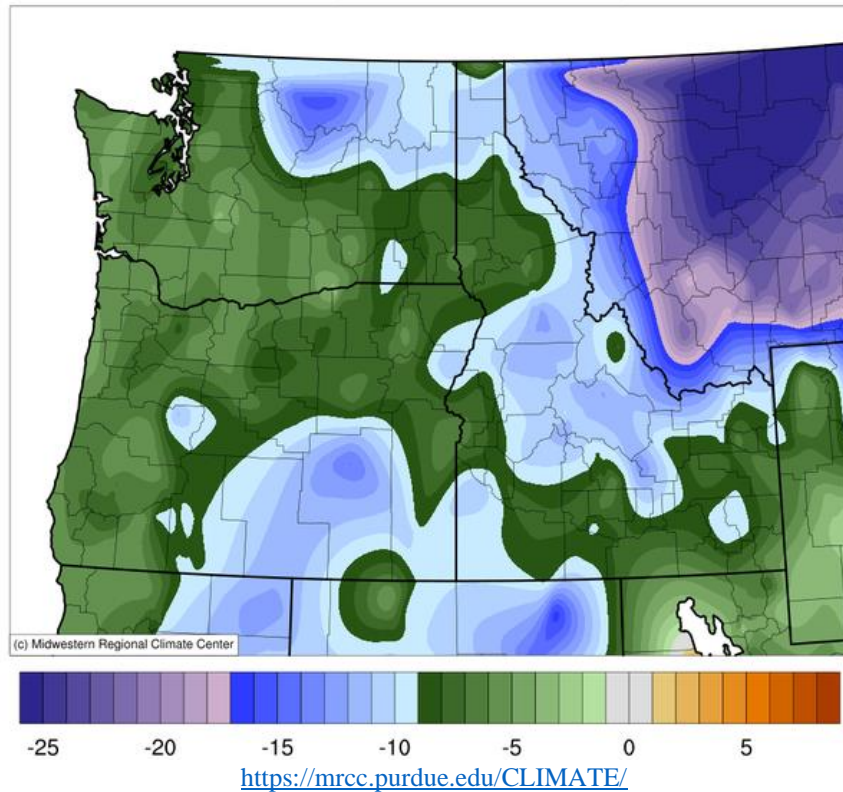
**Accumulated Precipitation (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals**

October 01, 2022 to November 13, 2022



**Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals**

November 07, 2022 to November 13, 2022



### **Access to NASS Reports**

For your convenience, you may access NASS reports and products the following ways:

- All reports are available electronically, at no cost, on the NASS web site <http://www.nass.usda.gov>
- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit <http://www.nass.usda.gov>. Hover over the “Publications” drop down. Under "Receive reports by Email" section in the lower right corner, select the report(s) you would like to receive.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: [nass@usda.gov](mailto:nass@usda.gov)