

# United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service South Carolina Crop Progress and Condition Report



Media Contact: Eddie Wells

Cooperating with the South Carolina Department of Agriculture

Southern Region, South Carolina Field Office · 208G Wholesale Lane · West Columbia, SC 29172 · (803) 734-2506

www.nass.usda.gov

#### May 15, 2017

### General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in South Carolina, there were 5.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, May 14, 2017. Precipitation estimates for the state ranged from 0.1 inches up to 2.5 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 70s to the high 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 50s to the low 60s.

## **County Comments**

Cooler daytime temperatures, lower humidity, and an adequate supply of rainfall have tobacco and corn crops doing well. Soybean planting is starting to accelerate. Cotton and peanuts are starting to emerge.

## Hilda Shelley, Horry County

Producers continued to receive good weather conditions for planting. Crops are making good progress. Most of the corn crop is in really good condition. The hay crop is looking promising as well.

## Matthew Wannamaker, Lexington County

A few farmers reported seeing stink bugs on vegetables. Soil moisture is mostly good, with some excess in the lower areas of fields. Tomato spotted wilt virus was reported in some tomatoes.

## Mark Nettles, Orangeburg County

Higher than normal temperatures and little to no rain through Saturday at noon had most areas needing rain. The leaves of corn planted on lighter soils were curling by the midafternoons during the week. However, favorable weather accelerated planting of peanuts and cotton. On Saturday afternoon, a thunderstorm provided some rain to most areas within the county. No crop insect or disease problems were reported this week.

### Hugh B. Gray, Allendale County

# Crop Progress for Week Ending 05/14/17

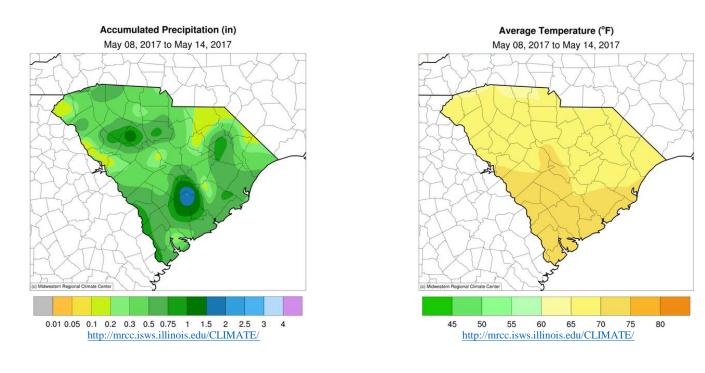
Crop stage	This week	Prev week	Prev year	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn - Emerged	98	94	100	98
Cotton - Planted	52	34	49	45
Hay - 1st Cutting	43	39	57	NA
Oats - Harvested	0	NA	NA	NA
Peanuts - Planted	49	30	34	43
Rye - Harvested	0	NA	NA	NA
Soybeans - Planted	28	12	10	23
Soybeans - Emerged	4	NA	0	10
Tobacco - Transplanted.	100	91	92	85
Winter wheat - Harvested	0	NA	NA	NA

# Crop Condition for Week Ending 05/14/17

Сгор	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	0	0	17	78	5
Corn	0	0	4	67	29
Oats	3	9	38	49	1
Pasture and range	0	3	35	62	0
Peaches	60	37	3	0	0
Rye	3	7	41	49	0
Tobacco	0	0	23	76	1
Winter wheat	2	7	37	54	0

# Soil Moisture for Week Ending 05/14/17

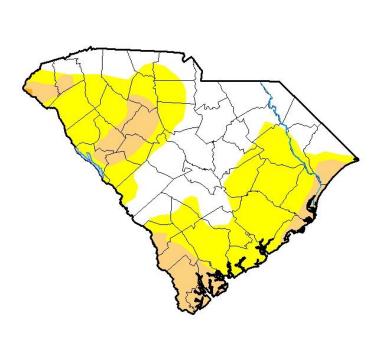
Topsoil	This week	Previous week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short Short Adequate Surplus	0 7 87 6	0 2 76 22	2 16 71 11
Subsoil	This week	Previous week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short Short Adequate Surplus	0 8 86 6	0 11 66 23	NA NA NA

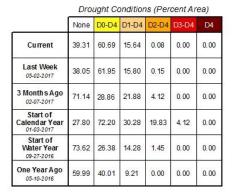


For the state's complete Weekly Weather Summary http://www.dnr.sc.gov/climate/sco/ClimateData/cli\_reports\_2017.php

# U.S. Drought Monitor South Carolina

#### May 9, 2017 (Released Thursday, May. 11, 2017) Valid 8 a.m. EDT





#### Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

#### <u>Author:</u> Brian Fuchs

Brian Fuchs National Drought Mitigation Center



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/