United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service

News Release

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NORTH DAKOTA CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION

FARGO, ND, May 26, 2015 – For the week ending May 24, 2015, little precipitation was received across much of the State, which allowed producers to continue planting their crops, according to the USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service. Frost damage from the previous week appeared to be limited to some canola and soybeans. Additionally, sugarbeet producers in the northern Red River Valley will need to replant a portion of their crops due either to frost or flooding. Livestock producers were busy moving their herds to summer pastures. There were some reports of calf and lamb losses due to the previous week's cold, wet conditions. There were 4.0 days suitable for fieldwork. Topsoil moisture supplies rated 0 percent very short, 4 short, 77 adequate, and 19 surplus. Subsoil moisture supplies rated 0 percent very short, 6 short, 78 adequate, and 16 surplus.

Field Crops Report: Winter wheat condition rated 1 percent very poor, 13 poor, 29 fair, 52 good, and 5 excellent. Winter wheat jointed was 55 percent, well ahead of 31 last year.

Durum wheat planted was 88 percent, well ahead of 34 last year and the five-year average of 52. Emerged was 45 percent, well ahead of 9 last year and ahead of 28 average.

Spring wheat condition rated 1 percent very poor, 3 poor, 20 fair, 69 good, and 7 excellent. Spring wheat planted was 93 percent, well ahead of 54 last year and 68 average. Emerged was 71 percent, well ahead of 23 last year and 43 average. Jointed was 2 percent, ahead of 0 last year.

Barley condition rated 0 percent very poor, 3 poor, 15 fair, 75 good, and 7 excellent. Barley planted was 96 percent, well ahead of 51 last year and 63 average. Emerged was 73 percent, well ahead of 15 last year and 36 average. Jointed was 1 percent, ahead of 0 last year.

Oats condition rated 2 percent very poor, 3 poor, 17 fair, 67 good, and 11 excellent. Oats planted was 93 percent, well ahead of 61 last year and 68 average. Emerged was 61 percent, well ahead of 25 last year and 41 average.

Corn condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 17 fair, 77 good, and 5 excellent. Corn planted was 83 percent, well ahead of 60 last year, and ahead of 73 average. Emerged was 40 percent, well ahead of 11 last year, and ahead of 33 average.

Soybeans planted was 54 percent, well ahead of 27 last year, and ahead of 42 average. Emerged was 17 percent, ahead of 0 last year and 9 average.

Canola planted was 85 percent, well ahead of 40 last year and 58 average. Emerged was 48 percent, well ahead of 10 last year, and ahead of 29 average.

Sunflowers planted was 29 percent, ahead of 11 last year and 20 average.

Flaxseed planted was 70 percent, well ahead of 19 last year and 38 average. Emerged was 12 percent, ahead of 0 last year.

Dry edible peas planted was 97 percent complete, well ahead of 57 last year and 70 average. Emerged was 71 percent, well ahead of 13 last year and 35 average.

Dry edible beans planted was 32 percent, well ahead of 11 last year, and ahead of 29 average.

Potatoes planted was 69 percent, well ahead of 17 last year, and ahead of 50 average. Emerged was 10 percent, ahead of 2 last year, and near 11 average.

Livestock, Pasture and Range Report: Pasture and range conditions rated 1 percent very poor, 6 poor, 22 fair, 61 good, and 10 excellent.

Stock water supplies rated 0 percent very short, 3 short, 83 adequate, and 14 surplus.

Data for this news release were provided at the county level by USDA Farm Service Agency and NDSU Extension Service.

Access the National publication for Crop Progress and Condition tables at:
http://usda.mannlib.cornell.edu/usda/nass/CropProg/2010s/2015/CropProg-05-26-2015.pdf

Access the High Plains Region Climate Center for Temperature and Precipitation Maps at:
http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/maps/current/index.php?action=update_region&state=ND&region=HPRCC

Access the U.S. Drought Monitor at:
http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Home/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?ND