



NEWS RELEASE

United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE



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NORTH DAKOTA CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION

FARGO, ND June 30, 2014 – For the week ending June 29, 2014, cool temperatures and excessive rainfall in the western half of the state slowed fieldwork, according to the USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service. The largest rainfall amounts of 3 to 6 inches were reported in the northwest corner of the state. Average temperatures were near normal. Producers were having a difficult time applying herbicides and cutting hay due to excessive moisture in the fields. Warm and sunny weather was needed to promote crop development. Statewide, there were 3.7 days considered suitable for fieldwork. Topsoil moisture supplies rated 0 percent very short, 2 short, 64 adequate, and 34 surplus. Subsoil moisture supplies rated 0 percent very short, 1 short, 69 adequate, and 30 surplus.

Field Crops Report: Winter wheat jointed advanced to 96 percent. Headed was 70 percent. Winter wheat condition rated 3 percent very poor, 12 poor, 37 fair, 44 good, and 4 excellent.

Durum wheat emerged was 96 percent, ahead of 83 last year and 87 for the five-year average. Jointing rated 34 percent, near 36 last year, but well behind 54 average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 13 fair, 81 good, and 5 excellent.

Spring wheat jointed was 70 percent, well ahead of last year at 41, but near 66 average. Headed rated 14 percent, ahead of last year at 6, but behind 23 average. Spring wheat condition rated 1 percent very poor, 2 poor, 14 fair, 67 good, and 16 excellent.

Barley jointing advanced to 74 percent, well ahead of 40 last year and 67 average. Headed rated 12 percent, ahead of 3 last year, but behind 22 average. Barley condition rated 0 percent very poor, 2 poor, 19 fair, 67 good, and 12 excellent.

Oats jointing rated 71 percent, ahead of 56 last year, but equal to average. Headed was at 14 percent, ahead of 10 last year, but behind 22 average. Oats condition rated 1 percent very poor, 1 poor, 12 fair, 79 good, and 7 excellent.

Canola blooming was 27 percent, ahead of 0 last year, but equal to average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 18 fair, 65 good, and 16 excellent.

Flaxseed emerged was 99 percent, well ahead of 65 last year and 86 average. Blooming was 6 percent, ahead of 0 last year, but behind 10 average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 20 fair, 70 good, and 9 excellent.

Dry edible peas blooming was 29 percent, well ahead of 0 last year, but behind 35 average. Dry peas condition rated 0 percent very poor, 3 poor, 23 fair, 65 good, and 9 excellent.

Dry beans were 94 percent emerged, well ahead of 74 last year, but near 92 average. Blooming was 4 percent. Condition rated 2 percent very poor, 4 poor, 22 fair, 59 good, and 13 excellent.

Potatoes planted were 97 percent, ahead of 93 last year, but near 99 average. Emerged was 82 percent, well ahead of last year at 62, but behind 88 average. Condition rated 10 percent very poor, 6 poor, 25 fair, 54 good, and 5 excellent.

Corn silking was 2 percent, near 0 last year and 1 average. Corn condition rated 0 percent very poor, 2 poor, 17 fair, 60 good, and 21 excellent.

Soybeans emerged were 99 percent, ahead of 86 last year and 95 average. Blooming was 6 percent, ahead of 0 last year, but near 5 average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 2 poor, 17 fair, 64 good, and 17 excellent.

Sunflower planting reached 97 percent, ahead of 86 last year and 94 average.

Livestock, Pasture and Range Report: Pasture and range conditions rated 0 percent very poor, 2 poor, 11 fair, 63 good, and 24 excellent.

Stock water supplies rated 0 percent very short, 1 short, 74 adequate, and 25 surplus.

Data for this news release were provided at the county level by USDA Farm Service Agency and NDSU Extension Service.

Access the National publication for Crop Progress and Condition tables at:
<http://usda.mannlib.cornell.edu/usda/nass/CropProg//2010s/2014/CropProg-06-30-2014.pdf>

Access the High Plains Region Climate Center for Temperature and Precipitation Maps at:
http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/maps/current/index.php?action=update_region&state=ND®ion=HPRCC

Access the U.S. Drought Monitor at:
<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Home/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?ND>