



News Release

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NORTH DAKOTA CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION

FARGO, ND June 3, 2013 – For the week ending June 2, 2013, continued wet weather either halted or slowed the amount of planting progress made last week, according to the USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service, North Dakota Field Office. Many reports suggested that if warmer and drier conditions aren't experienced soon, producers in many areas of the state will have some amounts of prevented plantings this year. Some acres that did get planted are reported to have emerged well and doing fine. However, other areas have crops not yet emerged due to crusting and flooding issues. Warmer, drier weather is needed across the state to help crop growth and development. Statewide, on average, there were 2.3 days suitable for fieldwork. Topsoil moisture supplies rated 0 percent very short, 1 short, 56 adequate and 43 surplus. Subsoil moisture supplies were 0 percent very short, 6 short, 71 adequate and 23 surplus. The continued cool weather has slowed pasture and hay growth with development reported to be behind normal.

Field Crops Report: Spring wheat seeding was 64 percent complete, behind last year at 100 and 89 average. Spring wheat was 42 percent emerged, behind last year at 99 and 73 average. Condition rated 7 percent very poor, 4 poor, 21 fair, 52 good, and 16 excellent.

Durum wheat seeding was 54 percent complete, behind 100 for 2012 and 78 average. Durum wheat was 30 percent emerged, behind last year at 94 and 62 average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 14 fair, 83 good, and 2 excellent.

Oats seeding was 72 percent complete, behind 100 last year and 90 average. Oats emerged were at 54 percent, behind last year at 96 and 74 average. Condition rated 2 percent very poor, 1 poor, 14 fair, 59 good, and 24 excellent.

Barley seeding is now 58 percent complete, behind 100 for 2012 and 87 average. Barley emerged was 25 percent, well behind last year at 96 and 70 average. Condition rated 4 percent very poor, 4 poor, 22 fair, 63 good, and 7 excellent.

Canola seeding was 50 percent complete, behind last year at 100 and 83 for the average. Canola was 18 percent emerged, behind last year at 96 and 59 average. Condition rated 12 percent very poor, 10 poor, 24 fair, 50 good, and 4 excellent.

Flaxseed seeding was 29 percent complete, behind 89 last year and 73 average. Flaxseed was 8 percent emerged, behind 58 for 2012 and 43 average. Condition rated 3 percent very poor, 3 poor, 42 fair, 49 good, and 3 excellent.

Sugarbeet planting was 92 percent complete, behind last year at 100 and 97 average. Sugarbeets emerged were at 34 percent, behind 100 a year ago and 73 average.

Corn planting advanced another 12 percentage points with 84 percent complete, behind 100 last year and 93 average. Corn emerged was 56 percent, behind 94 last year and 67 average. Condition rated 1 percent very poor, 2 poor, 31 fair, 52 good, and 14 excellent.

Soybean planting was 51 percent complete, well behind last year at 97 and 75 average. Soybeans emerged were at 12 percent, behind 2012 at 77 and 38 average.

Potato planting was 39 percent complete, also well behind last year at 100 and 80 average. Potatoes emerged were at 5 percent, behind 2012 at 61 and 31 average.

Dry edible pea planting was 84 percent complete, behind last year at 100 but near 87 average. Dry edible peas were 33 percent emerged, behind last year at 97 and 77 average. Condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 15 fair, 80 good, and 4 excellent.

Dry edible bean planting was 22 percent complete, behind last year at 94 and 63 average.

Sunflower planting was 20 percent complete, behind last year at 78 and 55 average.

Alfalfa hay condition rated 0 percent very poor, 1 poor, 15 fair, 59 good, and 25 excellent.

Livestock, Pasture and Range Report: Hay and forage supplies rated 12 percent very short, 31 short, 56 adequate, and 1 surplus. Pasture and range conditions rated 1 percent very poor, 4 poor, 21 fair, 57 good, and 17 excellent.

Data for this news release were provided at the county level by USDA Farm Service Agency and NDSU Extension Service.

Access the National publication for Crop Progress and Condition tables at:
<http://usda01.library.cornell.edu/usda/nass/CropProg//2010s/2013/CropProg-06-03-2013.pdf>

Access the High Plains Region Climate Center for Temperature and Precipitation Maps at:
http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/maps/current/index.php?action=update_region&state=ND®ion=HPRCC

Access the U.S. Drought Monitor at:
http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/DM_state.htm?ND,HP