MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE MONTANA FIELD OFFICE



P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 13, 2024

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 12, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Temperatures varied, and much of the State experienced relief from the persistent dry conditions, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Temperatures ran mostly above normal in northern portions of the State, according to data from the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC). Temperatures ran, on average, about 2-5 degrees above normal. Average temperatures were highest in the northeast. Southern areas of the State experienced temperatures running from about normal to as many as 5 degrees below normal. Conditions were coolest in Park County. Precipitation was at, or above normal for much of Montana. Moisture levels were highest in eastern sections of the State. Portions of Philips and Rosebud Counties, and some surrounding areas, received as much as 3.75 inches of moisture above average. Far western, and a few other isolated areas, received moisture that was at or below normal. Drought conditions were unchanged according to the U.S. Drought Monitor report released on May 9, 2024. The amount of land rated drought free sat still at 14 percent. Abnormal dryness held steady at 43 percent. Moderate, severe, and extreme drought conditions were also unchanged at 31, 11, and almost 2 percent, respectively. Most of Blaine County received over 2 inches of moisture. Wind accompanied the rain and snow. The weather made conditions difficult for field work and for young livestock, but the cold was timely for controlling potential grasshopper populations. Broadwater County missed out on the abundant rains received in other parts of the State. Conditions remained dry. There was rain and snow in the mountains, but moisture received in the valley measured to less than 0.25 inch. A reporter for Hill County stated that some areas received as much as 4 inches of rain. Seven inches were recorded on the Rocky Boy Reservation. There was minor flooding in some parts of the county. Scattered showers fell in Prairie County. Northern and western areas received 1-2 inches above levels received in central Prairie County. The southeastern sections received less than 0.5 inch. Winds were extreme. An agent in Valley County also reported scattered rain. Totals measured from 1.5 to 3 inches. The moisture improved soil conditions substantially, and boosted growth in early seeded crops. Wibaux County also received some much-needed moisture, but showers were spotty. Moisture received ranged from about 0.4 inch to over 1.0 inch in the north. Southern areas received less. Seeding was running late due to the cold days this spring.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Barley	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Planted	71	45	57	64		
Emerged	17	6	3	25		
Canola	17	0	3	25		
Planted	32	25	18	36		
Corn	32	20	10	30		
Planted	5	NA	25	30		
Ory edible beans	3	INA	20	30		
Planted	35	12	29	35		
	3	1	1	NA		
Emerged	3	Į.	ı	INA		
Ory peas Planted	62	49	51	62		
Planted	9	3	31 4	62 19		
Emerged Durum wheat	9	3	4	19		
	42	28	32	35		
Planted Emerged	42 25	1	32	NA		
9	25	l	3	INA		
Flaxseed Planted	21	16	24	22		
_entils	21	16	24	33		
	67	20	40	50		
Planted	67	39	43	52		
Mustard seed	50	20	40	40		
Planted	53	33	43	42		
Emerged	6		4	5		
Dats	0.5	45	00	00		
Planted	35	15	29	39		
Emerged	12	8	6	11		
Safflower						
Planted	17	16	18	20		
Spring wheat						
Planted	63	52	48	56		
Emerged	18	3	11	23		
Sugarbeets						
Planted	10		12	44		
Vinter wheat						
Breaking dormancy	99	94	94	NA		
Booted	1		4	6		
Cattle and calves						
Cows calved	91	86	93	92		
Moved to pasture	44	19	NA	NA		
Receiving supplemental feed	43	54	43	48		
Sheep and lambs						
Ewes lambed	89	83	77	85		
Moved to pasture	41	16	NA	NA		
Receiving supplemental feed	42	77	41	48		

Receiving supplemental feed NA – not available

(--) – zero

Days suitable for field work 2.4 4.8 4.7 5.4 Topsoil moisture (percent) (percent)		Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Very short	Days suitable for field work	2.4	4.8	4.7	5.4
Short 46 55 19 26 Adequate 37 29 77 62 Surplus 3 3 2 Subsoil moisture 13 19 3 15 Very short 13 19 3 15 Short 52 58 41 28 Adequate 32 23 55 56	Fopsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Short 46 55 19 26 Adequate 37 29 77 62 Surplus 3 3 2 Subsoil moisture 13 19 3 15 Very short 13 19 3 15 Short 52 58 41 28 Adequate 32 23 55 56	Very short	14	16	1	10
Adequate	Short	46	55	19	26
Surplus 3 3 2 Subsoil moisture Very short 13 19 3 15 Short 52 58 41 28 Adequate 32 23 55 56		37	29	77	62
Subsoil moisture 13 19 3 15 Short		3		3	2
Short 52 58 41 28 Adequate 32 23 55 56					
Short 52 58 41 28 Adequate 32 23 55 56	Very short	13	19	3	15
Adequate	Short	52	58	41	28
		32	23	55	56
		3		1	1

CROP, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
•	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Grazing accessibility	(1 7	(1 7	(1,)	(1
Open	81	85	78	81
Difficult	13	6	13	10
Closed	6	9	9	9
Pasture and range				
Very poor	10	15	10	17
Poor	20	21	16	17
Fair	46	48	54	39
Good	22	15	19	23
Excellent	2	1	1	4
Winter wheat				
Very poor	1		1	5
Poor	4	5	1	7
Fair	49	58	50	38
Good	38	35	48	40
Excellent	8	2		10

NA – not available (--) – zero