MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE MONTANA FIELD OFFICE



P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE April 29, 2024 Contact: Eric Sommer (800) 392-3202

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING APRIL 28, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Temperatures ran above normal, and conditions were dry for the majority of Montana, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Temperatures ran, on average, as much as 5 degrees above normal in much of the eastern half of the state, according to data from the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC). Precipitation levels were in a range of about 0.2 to 0.6 inches below normal for most of Montana. Exceptions were in northwestern and southwestern portions of the State, where some areas received moisture levels in a range of about 0.2 to 0.6 inches above normal. Isolated areas received as much as 0.8 inches above normal. Changes in drought conditions were minimal according to the U.S. Drought Monitor report released on April 25, 2024. The amount of land rated drought free remained unchanged at 14 percent. Abnormal dryness was found in 46 percent of the State, compared to 51 percent the previous week. Moderate drought increased by 4 percentage points to 27 percent. Severe drought stood at 11 percent, down 1 percentage point. Extreme conditions were found in 2 percent of Montana, up from almost 1 percent the previous week. Most of the calving was complete in Mineral, Missoula, and Ravalli Counties. Calving was still underway on a few ranches where calving began late. Green growth was evident on grasses, though conditions were predominantly dry. Some rain fell in Ravalli County at the end of the week, but more rain was needed.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Parloy	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Barley Planted	30	21	12	24		
Canola	30	21	12	2-7		
Planted	17	2	NA	NA		
Dry edible beans	• •	_	100	101		
Planted	8	2	4	6		
Dry peas	· ·	_	•			
Planted	26	6	14	25		
Durum wheat		_				
Planted	22	5	6	10		
Flaxseed						
Planted	11	2	8	13		
Lentils						
Planted	15	3	8	18		
Mustard seed						
Planted	11	2	3	9		
Oats						
Planted	7	4	7	10		
Emerged	1	NA		NA		
Safflower						
Planted	14	5	5	4		
Spring wheat						
Planted	35	7	10	20		
Winter wheat						
Breaking dormancy	93	91	82	85		
Cattle and calves						
Cows calved	83	77	78	80		
Moved to pasture	12	1	NA	NA		
Receiving supplemental feed	78	74	73	71		
Sheep and lambs						
Ewes lambed	78	57	59	70		
Moved to pasture	13	2	NA	NA		
Receiving supplemental feed	87	74	71	73		

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for field work	6.7	5.8	4.9	5.6		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	14	10	1	16		
Short	57	52	21	21		
Adequate	29	38	78	60		
Surplus				3		
Subsoil moisture						
Very short	14	10	3	16		
Short	54	48	30	26		
Adequate	32	41	66	55		

Surplus......
NA – not available
(--) – zero

CROP, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Grazing accessibility	u ,	" '	,	,
Open	84	82	61	76
Difficult	7	8	15	12
Closed	9	10	24	12
Pasture and range				
Very poor	20	18	15	22
Poor	24	27	25	17
Fair	41	42	31	32
Good	13	12	28	24
Excellent	2	1	1	5
Winter wheat				
Very poor			1	7
Poor	5	5	3	11
Fair	52	43	50	34
Good	41	50	46	38
Excellent	2	2		10

NA – not available (--) – zero