## MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
MONTANA FIELD OFFICE



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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 25, 2020

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Cold temperatures and snowy conditions were observed across Montana during the past week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Reporters in Judith Basin, Phillips and Valley counties stated several inches of much needed moisture was received last week, with more in the forecast. Topsoil moisture conditions for the state were 35 percent adequate to surplus, compared to 23 percent in the previous week, and 97 percent the previous year. Subsoil moisture conditions were rated 32 percent adequate to surplus compared to 93 percent the previous year. Corn for grain harvest progressed slightly, with an estimated 38 percent of the crop harvested, falling behind the 5-year average at 44 percent, but ahead of the previous year at 18 percent. Safflower harvest is estimated at 85 percent complete, ahead of the previous year and 5year average at 57 percent and 69 percent, respectively. Sugarbeet harvest progressed well last week, with an estimated 61 percent of the crop harvested, ahead of the previous year at 33 percent and the 5-year average of 59 percent. Planting of the 2021 winter wheat crop continues to progress behind the average, with an estimated 88 percent of the crop planted, ahead of the previous year at 85 percent, but behind the 5-year average of 91 percent. Emergence of the 2021 winter wheat crop advanced last week, with an estimated 65 percent of the crop emerged, ahead of the previous year at 52 percent, but behind the 5-year average of 71 percent. An estimated 61 percent of cattle and calves and 63 percent of sheep and lambs have been moved from pasture, both progressing behind the average. Recordbreaking cold temperatures and snowy conditions this past week reduced grazing, causing producers to provide supplemental feed ahead of normal. An estimated 48 percent of cattle and 47 percent of sheep are receiving supplemental feed, ahead of the 5-year averages of 20 percent and 18 percent, respectively.

## **CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS**

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Corn		-			
Harvested for grain	38	32	18	44	
Safflower					
Harvested	85	80	57	69	
Sugarbeets					
Harvested	61	36	33	59	
Winter wheat					
Planted	88	77	85	91	
Emerged	65	57	52	71	
Cattle and calves					
Moved from pasture	61	49	52	64	
Receiving supplemental feed	48	27	3	20	
Sheep and lambs					
Moved from pasture	63	51	52	70	
Receiving supplemental feed	47	29	2	18	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for field work	1.5	5.6	5.0	5.8
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	16	19		9
Short	49	58	3	21
Adequate	35	23	72	60
Surplus			25	10
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	14	9		13
Short	54	57	7	28
Adequate	32	34	76	52
Surplus			17	7

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE	AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn	-		_	
Very poor			1	NA
Poor	1	1	7	NA
Fair	25	16	24	NA
Good	59	70	61	NA
Excellent	15	13	7	NA
Pasture and range				
Very poor	20	22	3	15
Poor	18	24	3	19
Fair	37	39	23	29
Good	24	14	55	31
Excellent	1	1	16	6
Sugarbeets				
Very poor			8	NA
Poor		4	11	NA
Fair	24	28	17	NA
Good	55	53	51	NA
Excellent	21	15	13	NA
Winter wheat				
Very poor	1	NA	1	1
Poor	1	NA	4	4
Fair	18	NA	34	32
Good	79	NA NA	41	48
Excellent	1	NA NA	20	15

NA – not available (--) – zero