## MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
MONTANA FIELD OFFICE



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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE November 12, 2019

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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 10, 2019

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Cold temperatures and snowstorms were observed across the State last week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Topsoil moisture conditions for the state were 91 percent adequate to surplus, behind the previous week at 96 percent but ahead of the previous year at 74 percent. Subsoil moisture conditions were rated 84 percent adequate to surplus compared to 66 percent the previous year. Reporters in McCone and Wibaux counties stated they received six to eight inches of snow over the weekend and temperatures dropped to below zero at night. Statewide, Durum wheat made little harvest progress and was reported at 90 percent complete, well behind previous years. Corn harvested for grain was reported at 35 percent complete, behind both the previous year at 67 percent and the 5-year average of 73 percent. Oilseed harvest continues behind schedule, with approximately 80 percent of the flaxseed crop harvested by the end of the week. Safflower harvested was reported at 75 percent complete, behind both the previous year at 93 percent and the 5-year average of 92 percent. Sugarbeet harvest made minimal progress last week due to freezing temperatures, with 50 percent of the crop harvested, significantly behind previous years. A reporter in Prairie County noted sugarbeet harvest has slowed significantly because frigid temperatures have frozen and damaged the remaining crop. Winter wheat planted for the 2020 crop season was estimated at 93 percent complete, behind last year and the 5-year average at 99 percent. Livestock moved from pasture continues to increase steadily, with 74 percent of both cattle and calves and sheep and lambs moved. Cattle and calves receiving supplemental feed was estimated at 32 percent, below the previous year of 35 percent. Forty-three percent of sheep and lambs were estimated to be receiving supplemental feed, above the previous year of 35 percent.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Corn		-	-			
Harvested for grain	35	30	67	73		
Harvested for silage	95	91	NA	NA		
Durum wheat						
Harvested	90	86	NA	NA		
Flaxseed						
Harvested	80	70	NA	NA		
Safflower						
Harvested	75	68	93	92		
Sugarbeets						
Harvested	50	45	NA	NA		
Winter wheat						
Planted	93	91	99	99		
Emerged	68	64	88	92		
Cattle and calves						
Moved from pasture	74	63	76	83		
Receiving supplemental feed	32	23	35	37		
Sheep & Lambs						
Moved from pasture	74	66	77	88		
Receiving supplemental feed	43	34	35	42		

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for field work	2.4	4.0	2.7	3.6		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short			3	8		
Short	9	4	23	23		
Adequate	73	73	72	62		
Surplus	18	23	2	7		
Subsoil moisture						
Very short			6	12		
Short	16	7	28	28		
Adequate	69	73	66	55		
Surplus	15	20		5		

Surplus......

NA – not available
(--) – zero

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn	_		-	
Very poor	1	1	NA	NA
Poor	7	7	NA	NA
Fair	23	26	NA	NA
Good	61	58	NA	NA
Excellent	8	8	NA	NA
Pasture and range				
Very poor	11	6	12	15
Poor	7	7	13	20
Fair	21	22	32	34
Good	40	46	36	26
Excellent	21	19	7	5
Sugarbeets				
Very poor	8	9	NA	NA
Poor	14	12	NA	NA
Fair	21	15	NA	NA
Good	41	50	NA	NA
Excellent	16	14	NA	NA
Winter wheat				
Very poor		1		1
Poor	15	14	2	3
Fair	30	37	18	29
Good	35	33	56	48
Excellent	20	15	24	19

NA – not available

(--) – zero