

MONTANA CROP PROGRESS United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE MONTANA FIELD OFFICE

10 West 15th Street, Suite 3100, Helena, MT 59626 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture



Contact: Eric Sommer (800) 835-2612

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE November 4, 2019

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 3, 2019

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Cooler temperatures and scattered precipitation were observed across the State last week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Topsoil moisture conditions for the state were 96 percent adequate to surplus, behind the previous week at 97 percent but ahead of the previous year at 73 percent. Subsoil moisture conditions were rated 93 percent adequate to surplus compared to 59 percent the previous year. Reporters in Garfield and Judith Basin counties reported any grain remaining in the field is unlikely to get harvested due to continued weather issues and incoming frigid temperatures. Statewide, Durum wheat made harvest progress and was reported at 86 percent complete, well behind previous years. Oilseed harvest continues behind schedule, with approximately 70 percent of the flaxseed crop harvested by the end of the week. Safflower harvested was reported at 68 percent complete, behind both the previous year at 89 percent and the 5-year average of 87 percent. Sugarbeet harvest made progress last week with 45 percent of the crop harvested, significantly behind the previous year at 97 percent and the 5-year average of 89 percent. Reporters in Prairie County noted sugarbeet harvest has slowed significantly because cold conditions have made it difficult for producers to harvest without the crop freezing. Winter wheat planted for the 2020 crop season was estimated at 91 percent complete, behind last year and the 5-year average at 97 percent. Livestock moved from pasture has increased, with 63 percent of cattle and calves and 66 percent of sheep and lambs moved. Cattle and calves receiving supplemental feed was estimated at 23 percent, below the previous year of 30 percent. Thirty-four percent of sheep and lambs were estimated to be receiving supplemental feed, above the previous year of 30 percent.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Corn			•	· ·		
Harvested for grain	30	20	63	68		
Harvested for silage	91	88	NA	NA		
Durum wheat						
Harvested	86	80	NA	NA		
Flaxseed						
Harvested	70	63	NA	NA		
Safflower						
Harvested	68	58	89	87		
Sugarbeets						
Harvested	45	36	97	89		
Winter wheat						
Planted	91	87	97	97		
Emerged	64	57	82	87		
Cattle and calves						
Moved from pasture	63	54	72	77		
Receiving supplemental feed	23	3	30	29		
Sheep & Lambs						
Moved from pasture	66	56	71	84		
Receiving supplemental feed	34	2	30	34		

NA – not available

(--) - zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for field work	4.0	5.0	5.2	4.8
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short			4	8
Short	4	3	23	23
Adequate	73	72	67	60
Surplus	23	25	6	9
Subsoil moisture				
Very short			6	11
Short	7	7	35	30
Adequate	73	76	59	54
Surplus	20	71		5

NA – not available

(--) – zero

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Commonly				, ,
Corn	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
	1	1	NT A	NT A
Very poor	1	1 7	NA	NA
Poor		/	NA	NA
Fair	26	24	NA	NA
Good	58	61	NA	NA
Excellent	8	7	NA	NA
Pasture and range				
Very poor	6	3	6	14
Poor	7	3	13	20
Fair	22	23	34	33
Good	46	55	41	28
Excellent	19	16	6	5
Sugarbeets				
Very poor	9	8	NA	NA
Poor	12	11	NA	NA
Fair	15	17	NA	NA
Good	50	51	NA	NA
Excellent	14	13	NA	NA
Winter wheat		10	1 11 1	
Very poor	1	1		
Poor	14	4	1	3
Fair	37	34	18	28
Good	33	41	65	50
Excellent	15	20	16	19

NA – not available (--) – zero