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March 9, 2016
Florida All Orange Production Up 3 percent Florida Non-Valencia Orange Production Unchanged Florida Valencia Orange Production Up 6 percent Florida All Grapefruit Production Up 2 Percent Florida All Tangerine Production Down 7 percent Florida Tangelo Production Unchanged Florida FCOJ Yield 1.45 Gallons per Box (42으우)

Citrus Production by Type and State - United States

| Crop and State | Production ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | 2015-2016 Forecasted Production ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012-2013 | 2013-2014 | 2014-2015 | February | March |
|  | (1,000 boxes) | (1,000 boxes) | (1,000 boxes) | (1,000 boxes) | (1,000 boxes) |
| Non-Valencia Oranges ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida | 67,100 | 53,300 | 47,400 | 36,000 | 36,000 |
| California ${ }^{3}$.. | 42,500 | 38,700 | 39,500 | 42,000 | 42,000 |
| Texas ${ }^{3}$. | 1,504 | 1,401 | 1,170 | 1,130 | 1,130 |
| United States.. | 111,104 | 93,401 | 88,070 | 79,130 | 79,130 |
| Valencia Oranges |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida | 66,500 | 51,400 | 49,400 | 33,000 | 35,000 |
| California | 12,000 | 10,800 | 9,500 | 10,000 | 10,500 |
| Texas ${ }^{3}$. | 289 | 376 | 282 | 280 | 280 |
| United States. | 78,789 | 62,576 | 59,182 | 43,280 | 45,780 |
| All Oranges |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida. | 133,600 | 104,700 | 96,800 | 69,000 | 71,000 |
| California | 54,500 | 49,500 | 49,000 | 52,000 | 52,500 |
| Texas ${ }^{3}$. | 1,793 | 1,777 | 1,452 | 1,410 | 1,410 |
| United States.. | 189,893 | 155,977 | 147,252 | 122,410 | 124,910 |
| Grapefruit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida-All | 18,350 | 15,650 | 12,900 | 10,500 | 10,700 |
| White. | 5,250 | 4,150 | 3,250 | 2,300 | 2,500 |
| Red. | 13,100 | 11,500 | 9,650 | 8,200 | 8,200 |
| California ${ }^{3}$ | 4,500 | 3,850 | 3,800 | 3,700 | 3,700 |
| Texas ${ }^{3}$ | 6,100 | 5,700 | 4,250 | 5,100 | 5,100 |
| United States.. | 28,950 | 25,200 | 20,950 | 19,300 | 19,500 |
| Lemons |  |  |  |  |  |
| California ${ }^{3}$. | 21,000 | 18,800 | 20,500 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Arizona ${ }^{3}$. | 1,800 | 1,800 | 2,000 | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| United States... | 22,800 | 20,600 | 22,500 | 21,600 | 21,600 |
| Tangelos |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida | 1,000 | 880 | 680 | 400 | 400 |
| Tangerines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Florida-All | 3,280 | 2,900 | 2,270 | 1,500 | 1,400 |
| Early ${ }^{4}$ | 1,910 | 1,750 | 1,445 | 800 | 800 |
| Honey | 1,370 | 1,150 | 825 | 700 | 600 |
| California ${ }^{35}$. | 13,000 | 14,700 | 18,200 | 21,000 | 21,000 |
| Arizona ${ }^{56}$. | 160 | 150 | 170 | (NA) | (NA) |
| United States........ | 16,440 | 17,750 | 20,640 | 22,500 | 22,400 |

[^0]
## Regressions

Regression data used are from the 2006-2007 through 2014-2015 seasons. All references to "average", "minimum", and "maximum" refer to these 9 seasons unless noted.

## All Oranges 71.0 Million Boxes

The 2015-2016 Florida all orange forecast released today by the USDA Agricultural Statistics Board is up 2.0 million boxes to 71.0 million, with the change being made in the Valencia (late) variety. The total now includes 36.0 million boxes of non-Valencia oranges (early, midseason, Navel, and Temple varieties) and 35.0 million boxes of Valencia oranges. For the previous 9 seasons used in the regressions, the March forecast has deviated from final production by an average of 3 percent, with 3 seasons below and 6 above, with differences ranging from 3 percent below to 9 percent above.

## Non-Valencia Oranges 36.0 Million Boxes

The forecast of non-Valencia orange production is unchanged at 36.0 million boxes. The Row Count survey conducted February 29 and March 1 showed 99 percent of the rows harvested. The Navel portion of the non-Valencia forecast is final at 1.0 million boxes, 3 percent of the non-Valencia total.

## Valencia Oranges 35.0 Million Boxes

The forecast of Valencia production is increased 2.0 million boxes due to changes in component projections. Current fruit size is about average and is expected to be near average at harvest, requiring 224 pieces of fruit to fill a 90 -pound box. The droppage rate is less than previously projected. The droppage projection is lowered to 36 percent.

## All Grapefruit 10.7 Million Boxes

The forecast of all grapefruit production forecast increased to 10.7 million boxes. The white grapefruit forecast is increased 200,000 boxes based on utilization while the red grapefruit forecast is unchanged at 8.2 million boxes. The Row Count survey conducted February 29 and March 1, 2016, indicated 74 percent of the red grapefruit rows and 69 percent of the white grapefruit rows are harvested.

## All Tangerines 1.40 Million Boxes

The forecast of all tangerine production is lowered 100,000 boxes due to a decrease in forecasted utilization of the later maturing Honey variety. The early tangerine varieties (Fallglo and Sunburst) remain at 800,000 boxes while the Honey tangerine variety is now forecasted at 600,000 boxes. Early tangerine harvest is complete for this season, while the harvesting of the Honey tangerine continues.

## Tangelos 400 Thousand Boxes

The tangelo forecast remains at 400,000 boxes. The Row Count survey conducted February 29 and March 1, 2016, showed 89 percent rows are harvested.

## FCOJ Yield 1.45 Gallons per Box

The projection for frozen concentrated orange juice (FCOJ) remains at 1.45 gallons per box of $42^{\circ}$ Brix concentrate. The projection for Valencia oranges remains at 1.60 gallons per box. The final yield for non-Valencia oranges is 1.347046 , as reported by the Florida Department of Citrus (FDOC) in Report No. 20. Last season's final yield for all oranges was 1.502203 gallons per box, as reported by the Florida Department of Citrus. Last season's final yields for the components were 1.419546 for non-Valencia oranges and 1.584149 for Valencia oranges.

## Forecast Components, by Type - Florida: March 2016

[Survey data is considered final in December for Navels, January for early-midseason oranges, February for grapefruit, and April for Valencia]

| Type | Bearing trees | Fruit per tree | Droppage | Fruit per box |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1,000 trees) | (number) | (percent) | (number) |
| ORANGES |  |  |  |  |
| Early-midseason ........................... | 21,650 | 744 | 32 | 284 |
| Navel ......................................... | 944 | 229 | 24 | 141 |
| Valencia...................................... | 30,249 | 520 | 36 | 224 |
| GRAPEFRUIT |  |  |  |  |
| White ......................................... | 1,087 | 449 | 34 | 132 |
| Red........................................... | 3,236 | 439 | 40 | 127 |

## Maturity

Regular bloom fruit samples of Valencia oranges were collected from groves on established routes on February 29 and March 1, 2016, in Florida's five major citrus producing areas and tested March 2, 2016. The acid level this season is lower than the previous season and solids (Brix) are lower, resulting in higher ratios. In comparison to last season, unfinished juice per box is up, while solids per box is the same as the previous season.
Acids and solids (Brix) in fruit from the Indian River are higher than in other areas resulting in higher ratios. Unfinished juice per box is lower for Indian River fruit compared to other areas, while solids per box are higher.

Citrus Unadjusted Maturity Tests - Florida: 2014-2015 and 2015-2016
[Averages of regular bloom fruit from sample groves. Juice and solids per box are unadjusted and not comparable to juice processing plant test results. All samples were run through an FMC 091 machine using mechanical pressure only. This machine utilizes a .040 short strainer and standard $5 / 8$ inch orifice tube. The beam settings are also identical to past tests and no restrictors are used]

| Fruit type (number of groves) test date | Acid |  | Solids (Brix) |  | Ratio |  | Unfinished juice per box |  | Solids per box |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 |
|  | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) |  |  | (pounds) | (pounds) | (pounds) | (pounds) |
| LATE ORANGES (148-128) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct $1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 2.08 | 1.92 | 8.69 | 8.60 | 4.22 | 4.53 | 45.19 | 48.28 | 3.93 | 4.15 |
| Nov 1. | 1.76 | 1.60 | 9.10 | 9.36 | 5.22 | 5.90 | 50.36 | 52.47 | 4.58 | 4.91 |
| Dec 1.... | 1.48 | 1.31 | 9.70 | 9.74 | 6.61 | 7.53 | 53.87 | 54.75 | 5.23 | 5.33 |
| Jan 1 ......................... | 1.26 | 1.04 | 10.85 | 10.25 | 8.72 | 10.01 | 54.83 | 57.20 | 5.95 | 5.86 |
| Feb 1......................... | 1.18 | 0.97 | 11.32 | 10.68 | 9.71 | 11.18 | 55.20 | 56.16 | 6.25 | 6.00 |
| Mar 1........................ | 1.09 | 0.87 | 11.78 | 11.35 | 10.88 | 13.16 | 54.51 | 56.55 | 6.42 | 6.42 |

Citrus Maturity Test Averages, by Areas - Florida: March 1, 2014-2015 and 2015-2016

| Fruit type (number of groves) | Acid |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Solids } \\ & \text { (Brix) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Ratio |  | Unfinished juice per box |  | Solids per box |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 |
|  | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) |  |  | (pounds) | (pounds) | (pounds) | (pounds) |
| LATE ORANGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian River (29-25)...... | 1.12 | 0.89 | 12.23 | 11.92 | 11.04 | 13.57 | 54.09 | 55.69 | 6.62 | 6.64 |
| Other Areas (119-103).. | 1.09 | 0.87 | 11.67 | 11.21 | 10.84 | 13.06 | 54.61 | 56.76 | 6.37 | 6.36 |

## Fruit Size Comparisons by Types to Previous Seasons

Size frequency distributions from the February size survey are shown in the following table. The distributions are by percent of fruit falling within the size range of each $4 / 5$-bushel container. These frequency distributions include fruit from regular bloom and exclude fruit from summer bloom.

Citrus Size Frequency Measurement Distributions, by Type - Florida: February Survey

| Type and number of fruit per 4/5 - bushel containers | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Type and number of fruit per 4/5-bushel containers | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) |  | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) |
| VALENCIA ORANGES |  |  |  | WHITE GRAPEFRUIT ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| 64 or less | 3.0 | 2.5 | 6.5 | 32 or less | 8.1 | 4.1 | 2.1 |
| 80 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 15.7 | 36 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 5.0 |
| 100 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 31.9 | 40 | 8.9 | 13.5 | 6.2 |
| 125 | 31.2 | 30.9 | 28.0 |  | 12.1 | 18.1 | 7.6 |
| 163 or more | 23.5 | 25.3 | 17.9 | 56 | 9.3 | 16.3 | 11.5 |
|  |  |  |  | 63 or more | 50.7 | 36.8 | 67.6 |
| HONEY TANGERINES |  |  |  | RED GRAPEFRUIT |  |  |  |
| 80 or less | 8.1 | 8.0 | 13.6 | 32 or less | 4.8 | 6.3 | 3.6 |
| 100 | 13.7 | 15.2 | 20.9 |  | 6.1 | 10.3 | 8.1 |
| 120 | 21.9 | 17.4 | 25.2 | 40 | 8.3 | 14.3 | 13.4 |
| 176 | 17.1 | 12.9 | 12.1 |  | 12.6 | 14.1 | 16.9 |
| 210 or more | 39.2 | 46.5 | 28.2 |  | 11.2 | 13.0 | 10.9 |
|  |  |  |  | 63 or more | 57.0 | 42.0 | 47.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes seedy.

The charts below show the distribution of fruit sizes in 2016 compared to 2015. The diameter measurements shown are the minimum values of each eighth inch range, except for the smallest values.

Fruit Size Frequency Measurements, Valencia Oranges, by Diameter - Florida: February Survey


Fruit Size Frequency Measurements, Red Seedless Grapefruit, by Diameter Florida: February Survey



[^0]:    NA Not available.
    ${ }^{1}$ Net pounds per box: oranges in California-80, Florida-90, Texas-85; grapefruit in California-80, Florida-85, Texas-80; lemons-80; tangelos-90; tangerines and mandarins in Arizona and California-80, Florida-95.
    ${ }^{2}$ Navel and miscellaneous varieties in California. Early (including Navel) and midseason varieties in Florida and Texas. Includes small quantities of Temples in Florida.
    ${ }^{3}$ Estimates carried forward from previous forecast.
    ${ }^{4}$ Fallglo and Sunburst varieties.
    ${ }^{5}$ Includes tangelos and tangors.
    ${ }^{6}$ Estimates discontinued in 2015-2016.

