

Mississippi Observed from 435 Miles

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MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF
**AGRICULTURE
& COMMERCE**

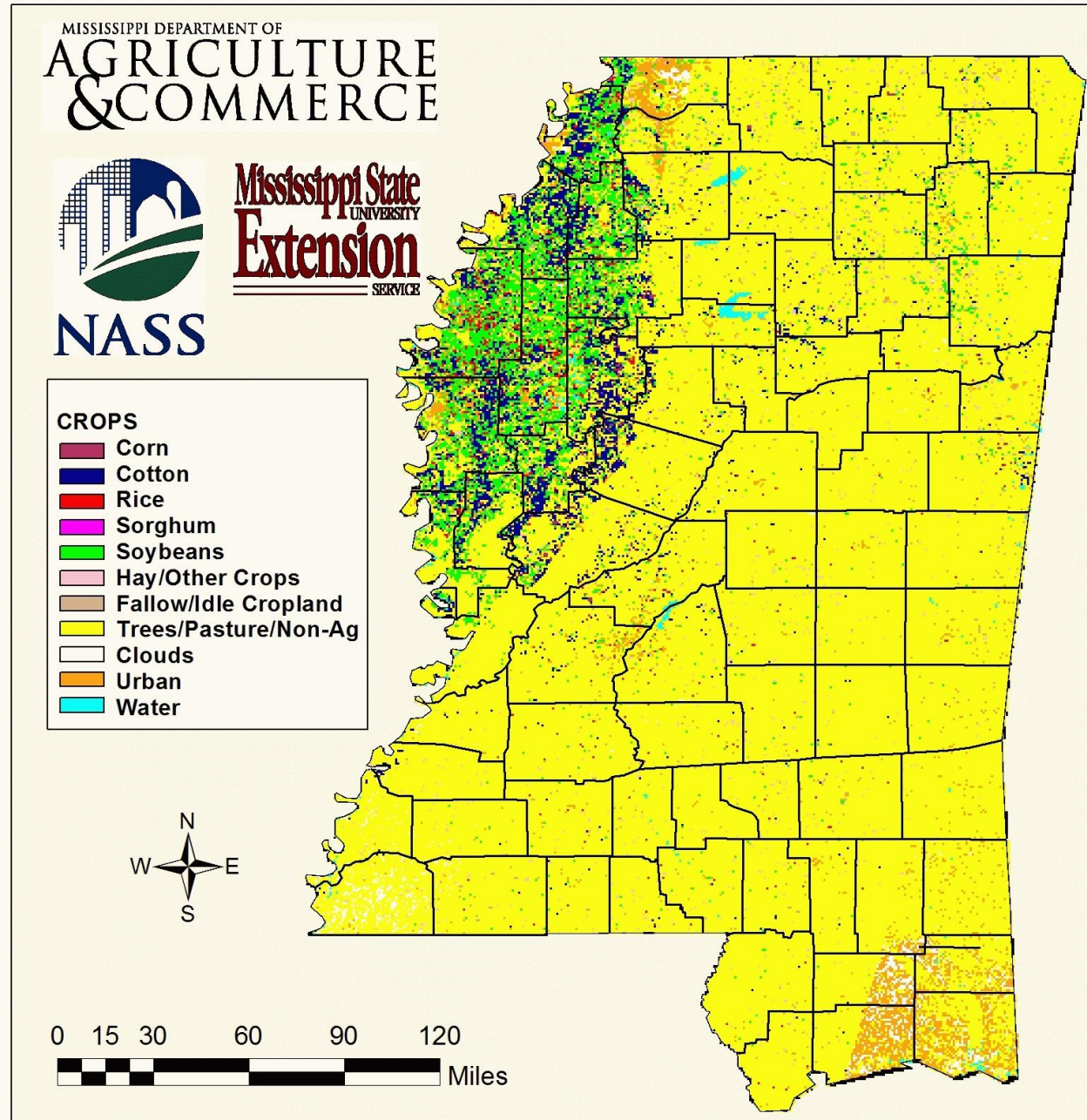
Mississippi State
UNIVERSITY
Extension
SERVICE

The Cropland Data Layer in Mississippi

- A remote sensing project based on USDA/NASS programs started in the 1970s and the LARSYS software from Purdue University.
- Mississippi project started in 1999 using the Peditor and RSP software programs of NASS
- A cooperative project of NASS, Mississippi State University Cooperative Extension Service, and the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce

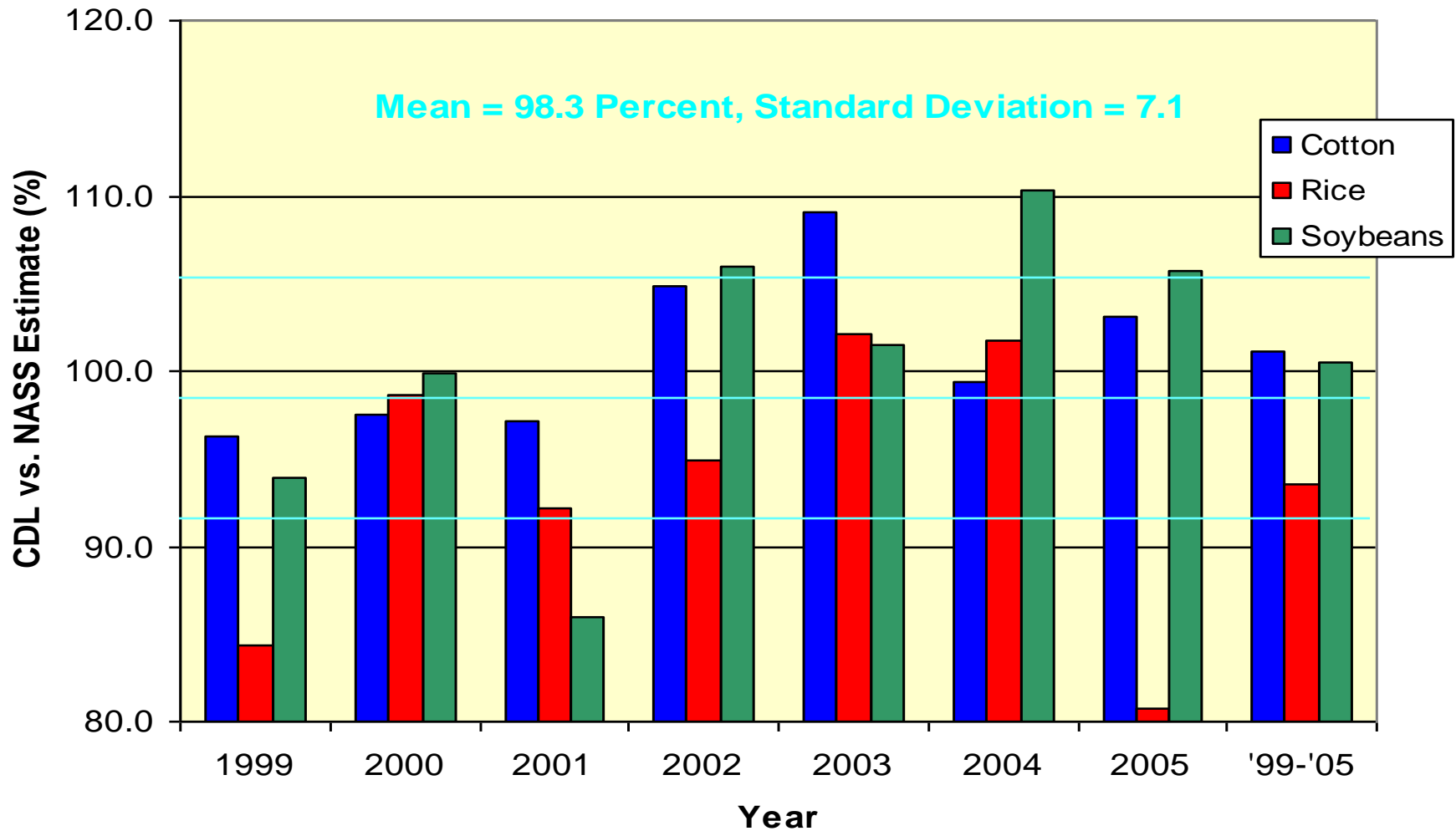
The Mississippi Cropland Data Layer, 2005

The Cropland Data Layer
classifications from
satellite images, the
June Agricultural Survey,
and image processing.



Mississippi Major Crop Planted Acres Estimates, 1999-2005


Cropland Data Layer Value as Percent of the Official Estimate



After Katrina, Landsat 5 View

USGS Global Visualization Viewer

Sensor Resolution Map Layers Tools Help



WRS-2 Path /Row: 22 39 Go
Lat/Long: 30.3 -90.1 Go

Max Cloud: 100%

Scene Information:
ID: 5022039000525010
Cloud Cover: 0% Qty: 9
Date: 2005/9/7

Sep 2005 Go

Prev Scene Next Scene

Landsat 4-5 TM Scene List

Add Delete Order

Landsat 4-5 TM 240m No Limits Set Lat/Long: 30.210290, -90.759159 degrees

Warning: Applet Window

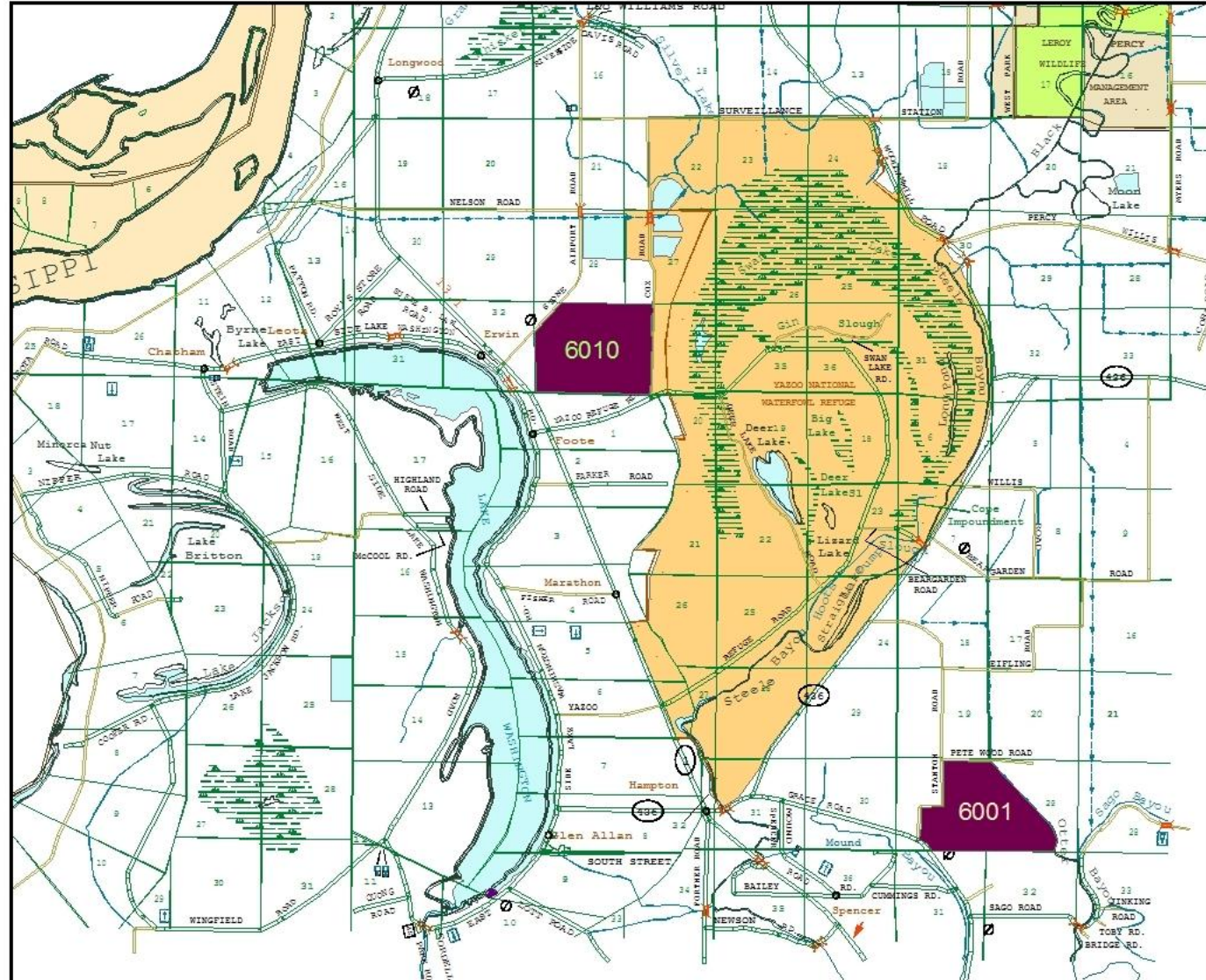
USGS

Segment Locator Map

2004 Sample County Segments 6001 and 6010



Map Locator 0 12.5 25 50 75 100 Miles



Segment Area Map

0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles

Legend

- National Forest
- National Park
- National WR
- State Park
- Wildlife MA
- City



OLD #
NEW #

Segments for the June
Agricultural Survey

USDA/NASS/MDAC/MSU
Map by Dr. Fred Shore

Field/Segment Boundaries on a High Resolution Photo

The segment boundary is shown in blue and the field boundaries in red with acres shown for each field.

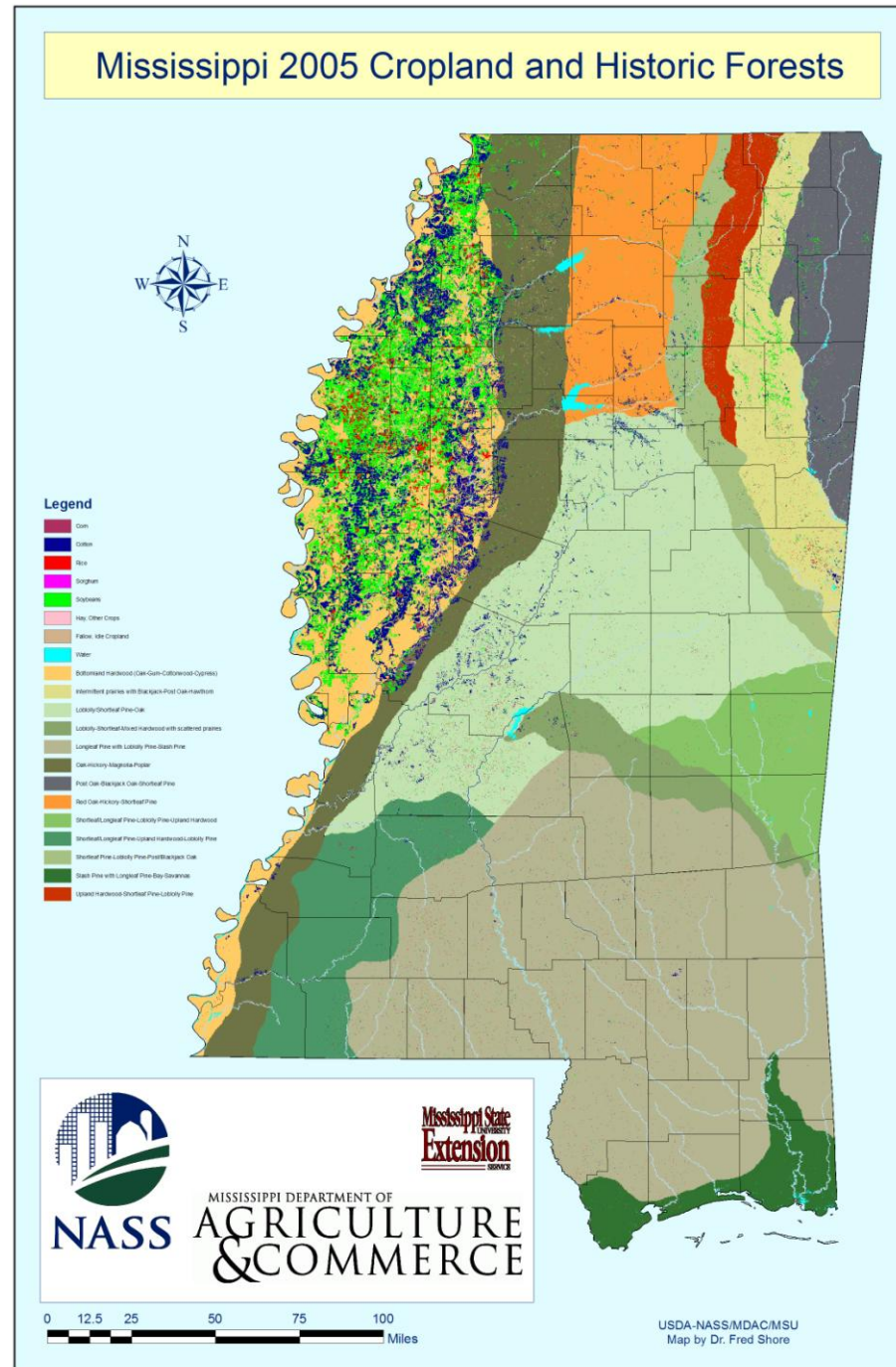


2005 Segment 6030, Test County

MSU, USDA-NASS, MDAC Map by Dr. Fred Shore, 6/7/05

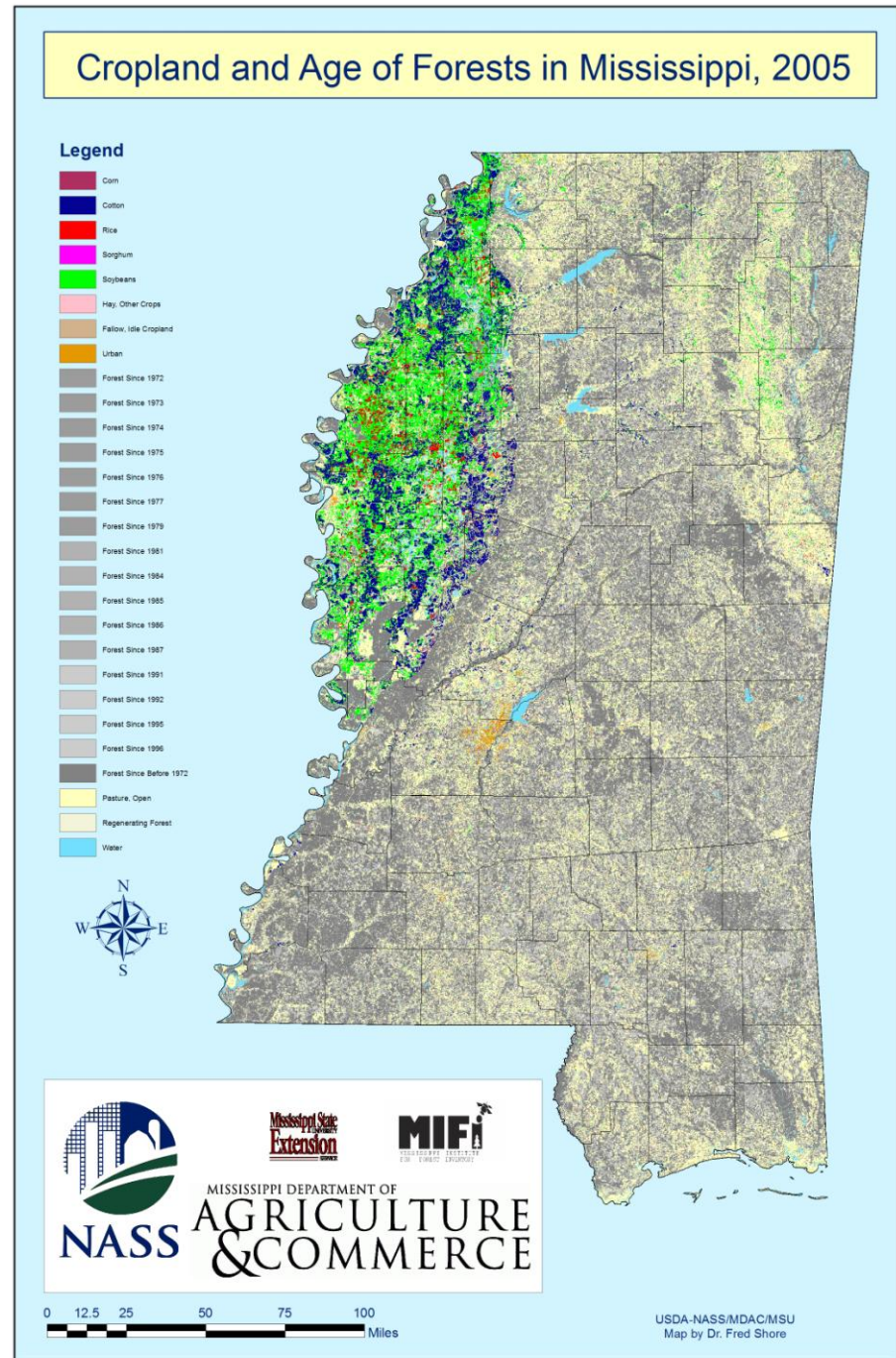
The MS Cropland Data Layer 2005

Historic forest boundaries
with the major crops.



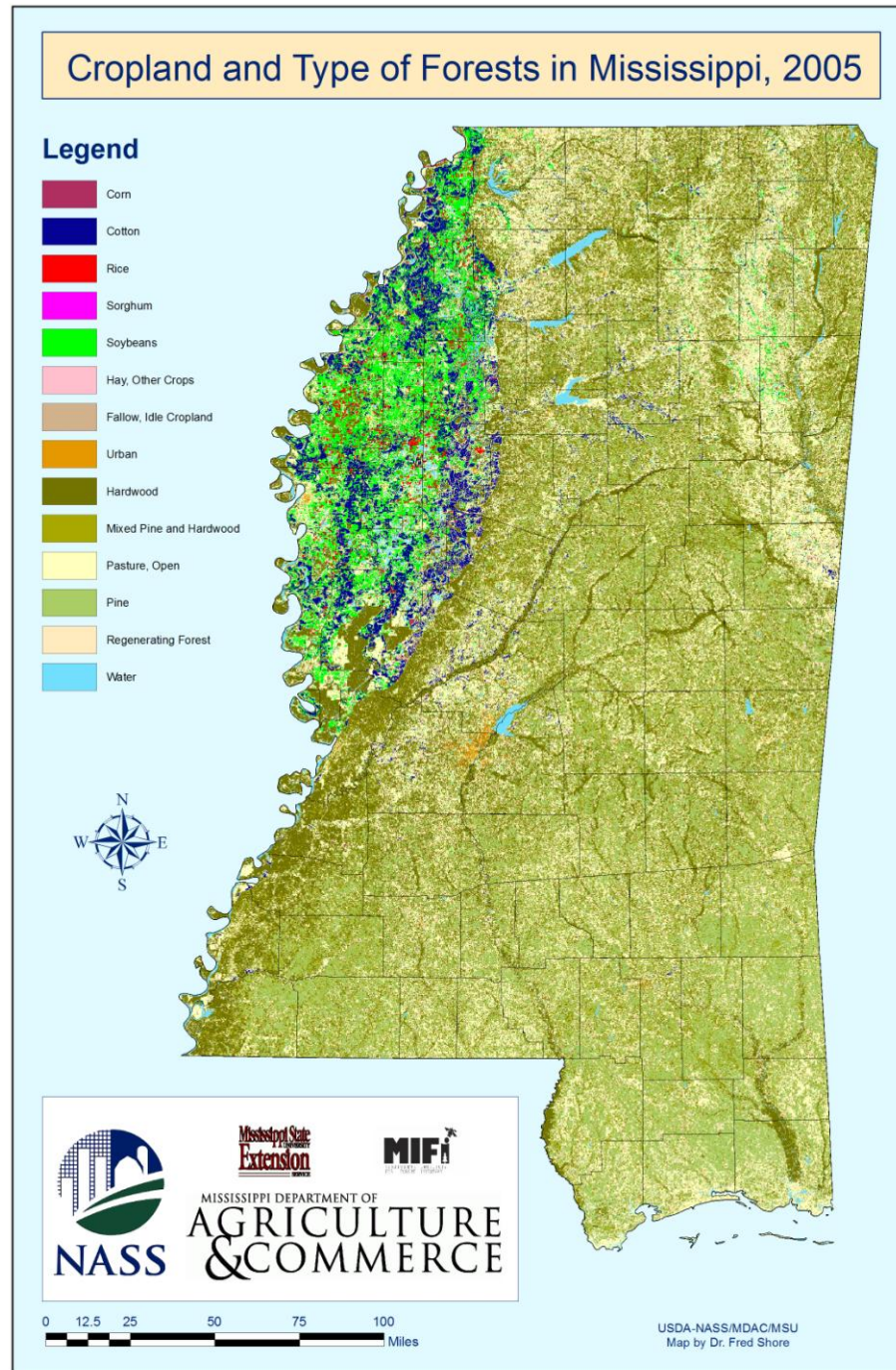
The MS Cropland Data Layer 2005

MIFI forest ages by
decade and major crops.



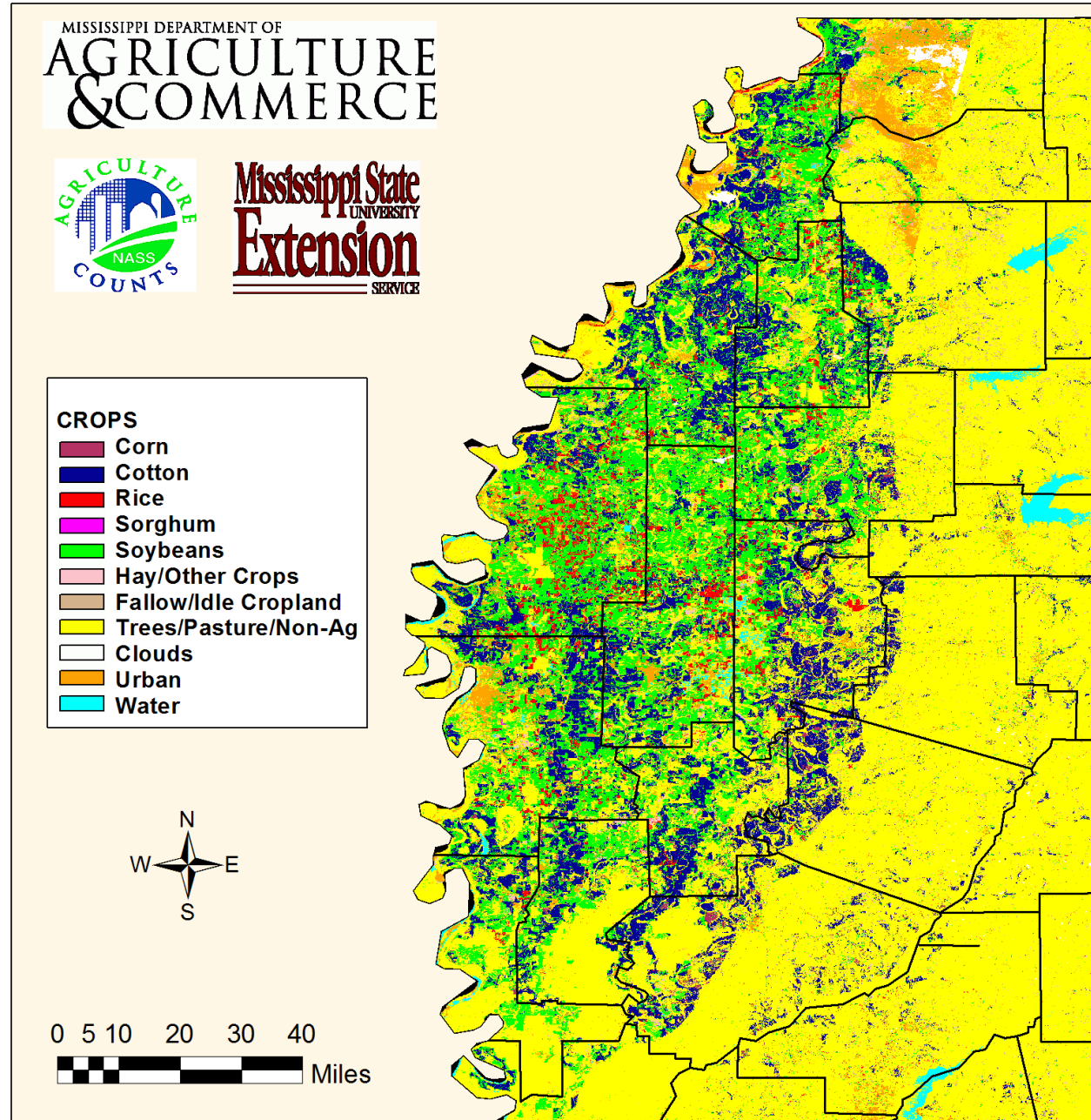
The MS Cropland Data Layer 2005

MIFI forest types and
major crops.



The Basic Cropland Data Layer Presentation

The Delta showing the Cropland Data Layer classifications from satellite images, the June Agricultural Survey, and computer processing. Note that the predominate crop is soybeans.



Cotton Land Use in the Mississippi Delta, 1999-2005

The total cotton land use
for the 7 year period is
shown in this map.

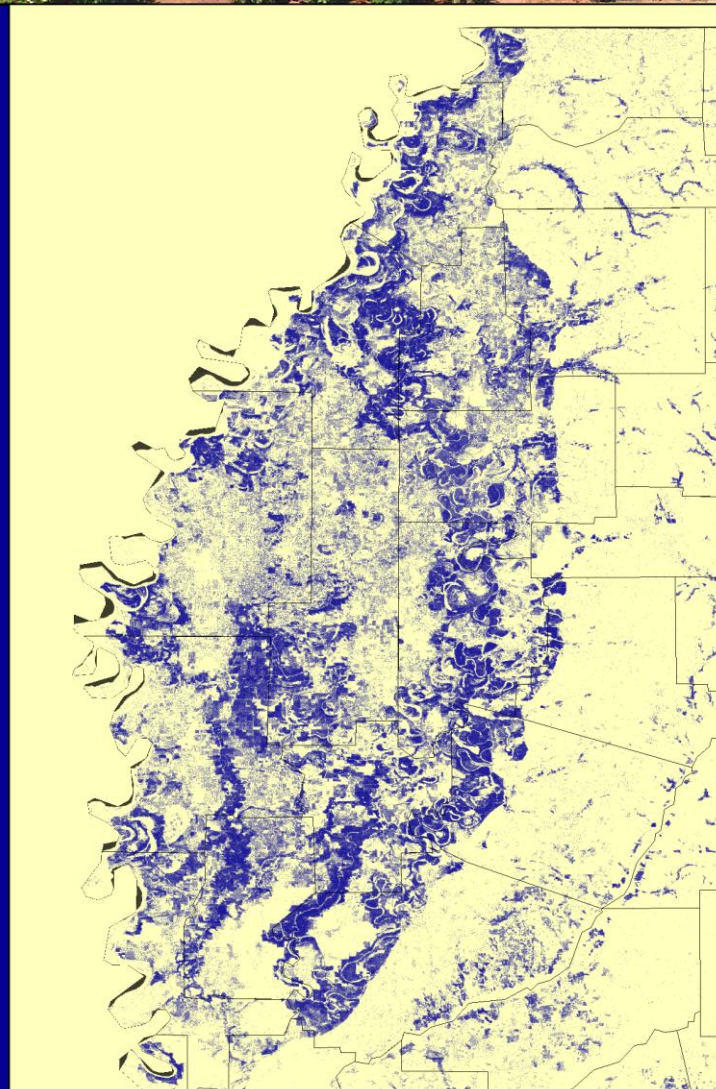


Frequency of Acreage Planted to Cotton, 1999-2005

In the crescent moon-shaped part of northwestern Mississippi known as The Delta, cotton is usually planted in sandy soil along existing or ancient rivers and creeks.

Cotton crop rotations are used but high cotton prices can lead to the same land being used for cotton every year.

Map shows satellite cotton classification range from the Cropland Data Layer by Dr. Fred Shore.



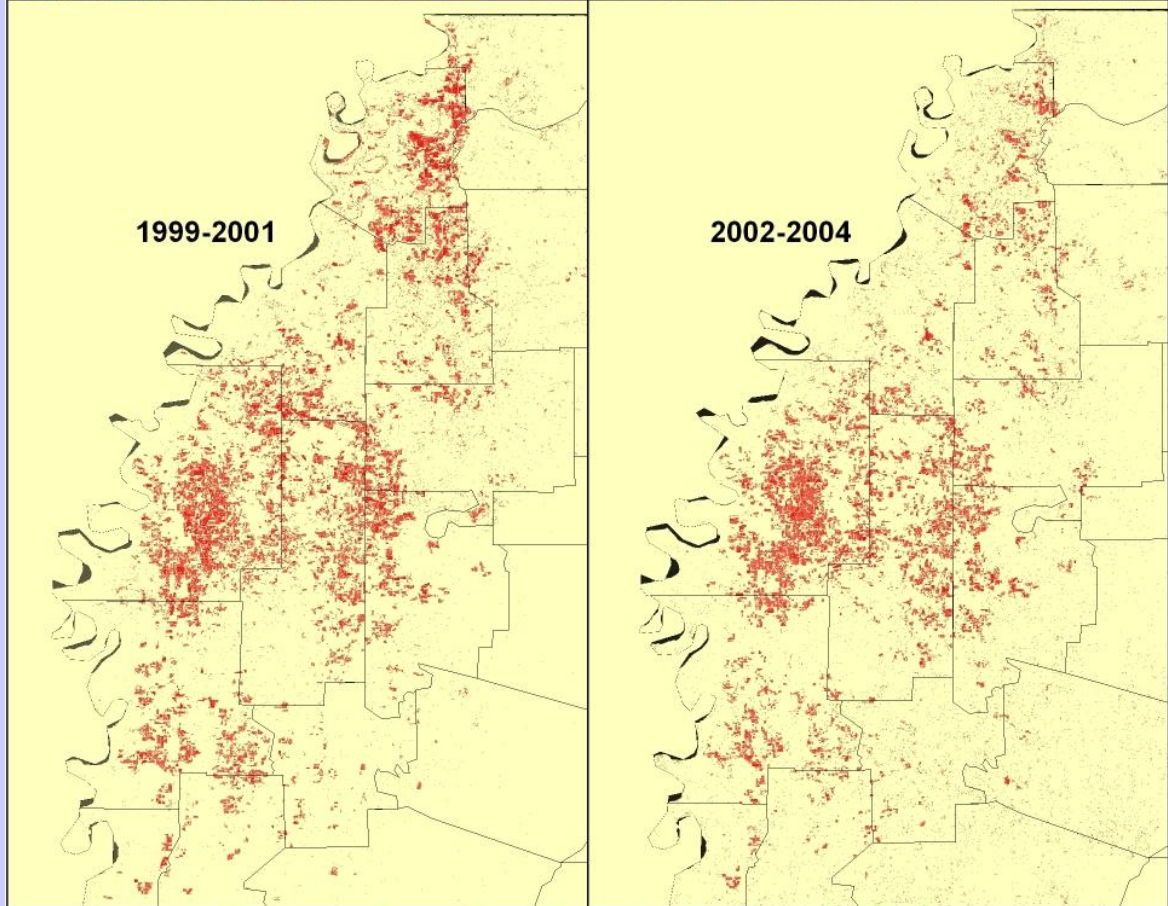
Multiyear Overlays

Rice

With the three year rotation schedule, comparing two 3-year periods gives similar land use areas.



Frequency of Acreage Planted to Rice, 1999-2001 vs. 2002-2004



In the crescent moon-shaped part of northwestern Mississippi known as The Delta, rice is usually planted in heavy clay soils.

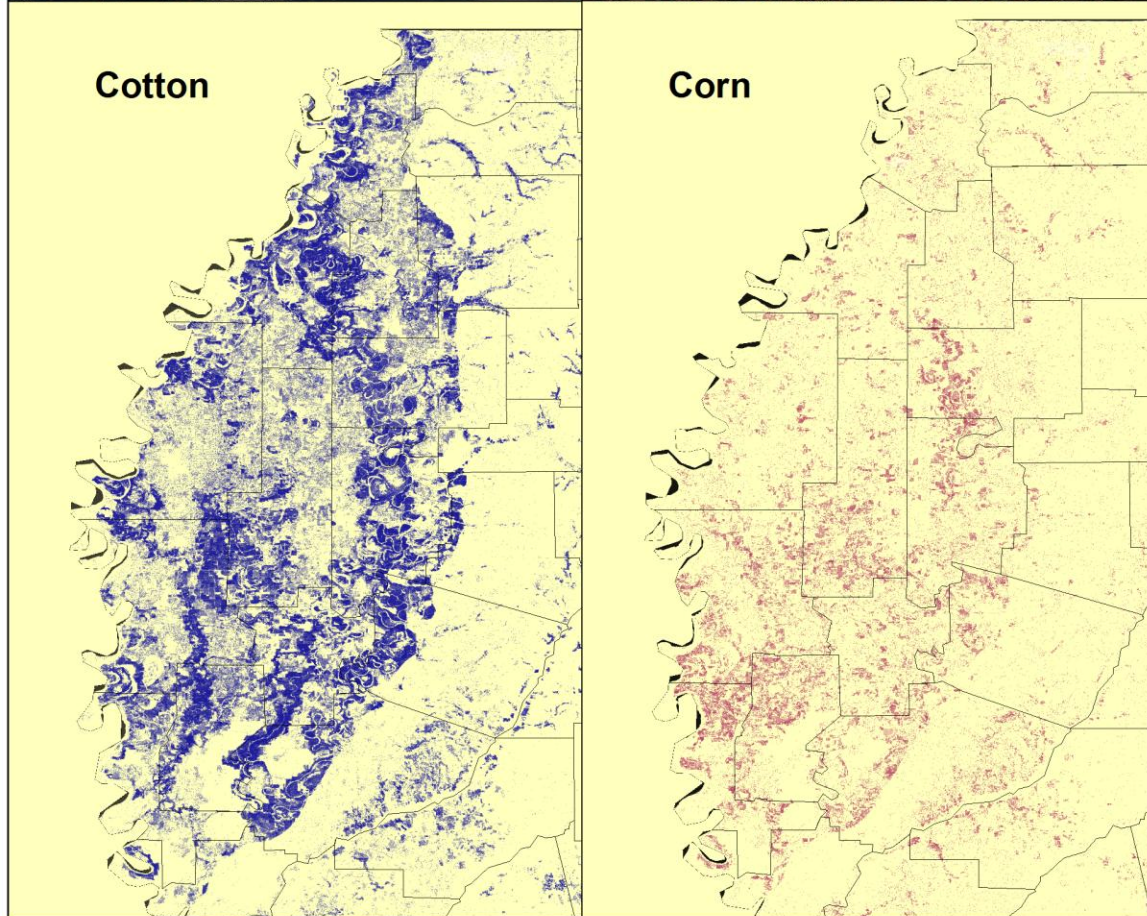
Rice rotation with 2 years of soybeans is recommended. Notice the similar rice land use patterns for each of these 3 year periods.

Maps show satellite rice classification range from the Cropland Data Layer by Dr. Fred Shore.



Comparing Crop Overlays Cotton and Corn

Similar land use patterns
are observed for these crops.
Corn is primarily grown in
rotation with cotton.



In the crescent moon-shaped part of northwestern Mississippi known as The Delta, cotton is often rotated with corn.

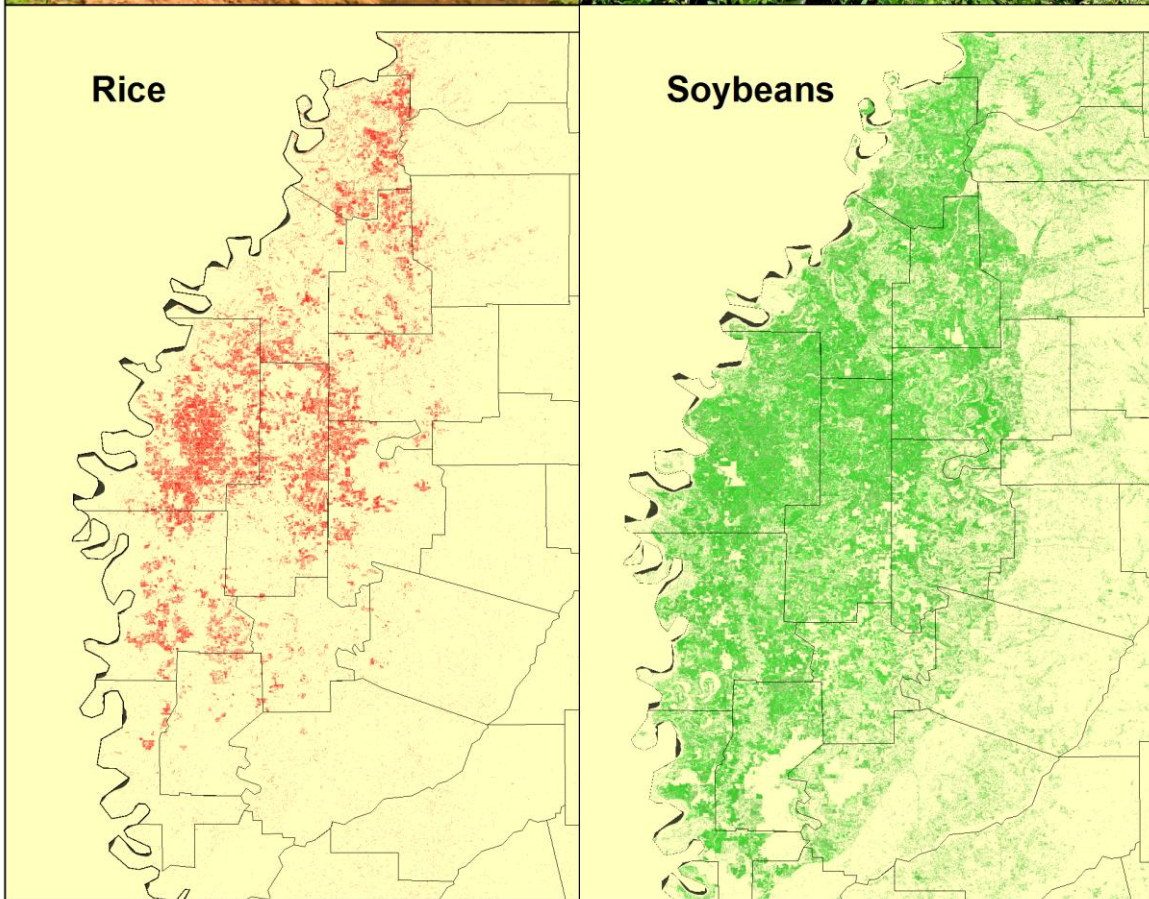
Cotton is the most profitable crop in Mississippi and the yields of cotton following corn can be much improved.

Map shows satellite crop classification ranges from the Cropland Data Layer by Dr. Fred Shore.



Comparing Crop Overlays Rice and Soybeans

The rotation of land from rice to soybeans is evident. Soybeans are grown in most areas of the Delta.



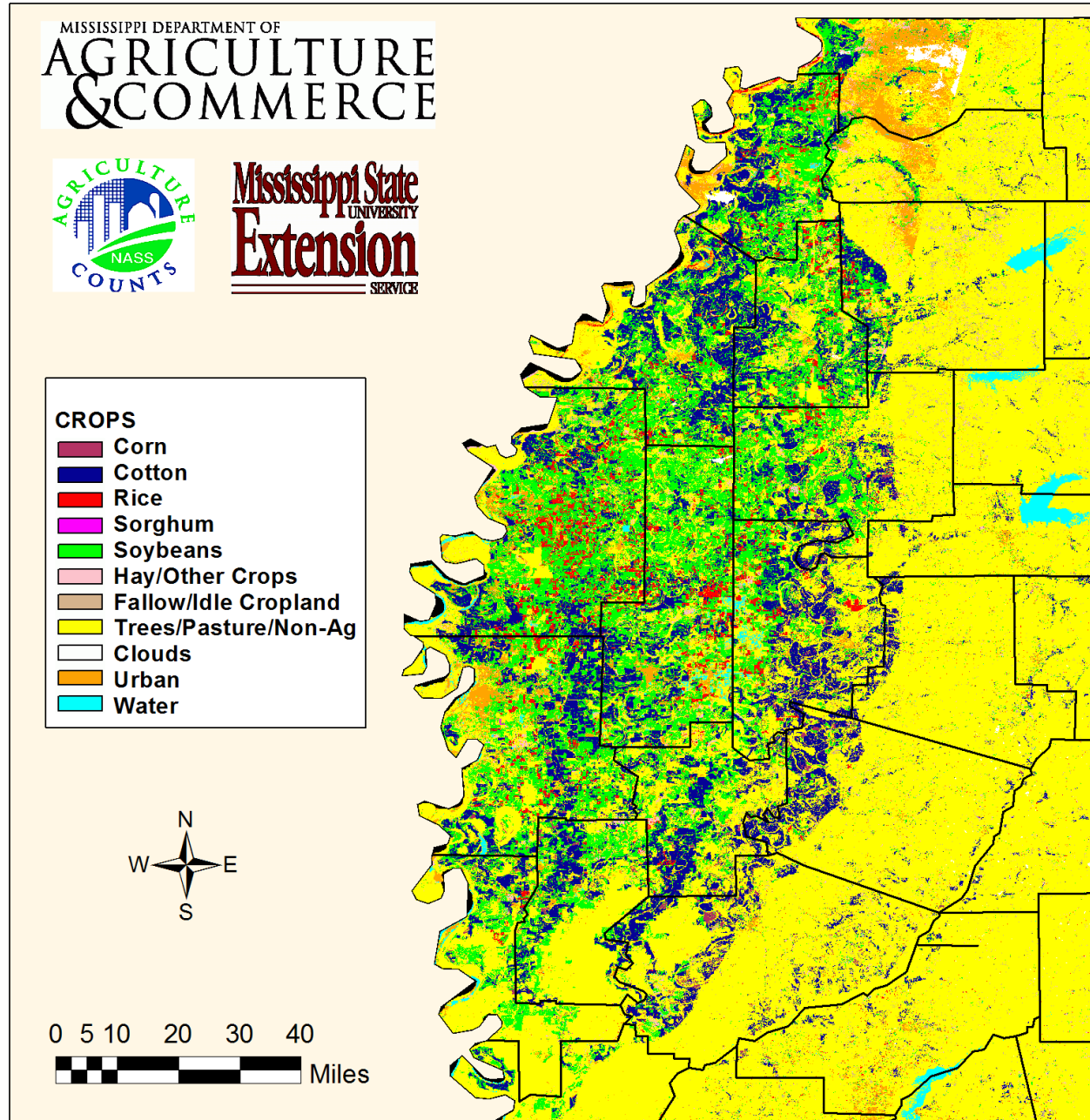
In the crescent moon-shaped part of northwestern Mississippi known as The Delta, rice is usually rotated with soybeans.

Rice rotation with 2 years of soybeans is recommended. In addition, soybeans are also rotated with other crops.

Map shows satellite crop classification ranges from the Cropland Data Layer by Dr. Fred Shore.

The Basic Cropland Data Layer Presentation

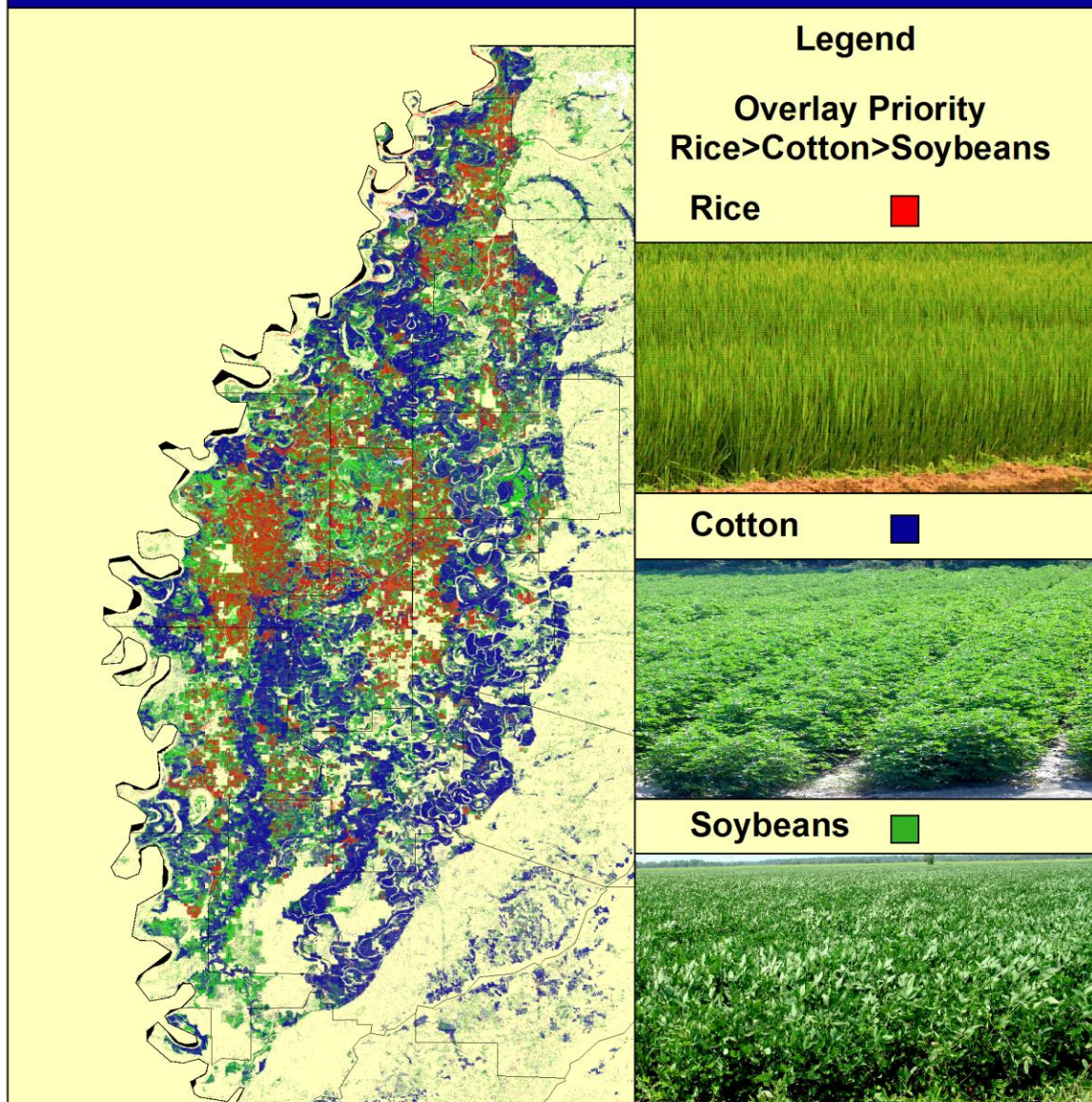
The Delta showing the Cropland Data Layer classifications from satellite images, the June Agricultural Survey, and computer processing. Note that the predominate crop is soybeans but the most profitable crop is cotton with rice second most profitable.



Crop Overlays by Priority

Since cotton is grown without much rotation and rice is grown every three years with rotation to soybeans, this display shows only a small amount of soybean acreage. It is notable that the location of the rice is near other soybean acres which could probably be used to grow rice. Recent concern about Asian soybean rust and development of herbicide resistant rice may make rice a more important Mississippi crop.

Land Use for Major Crops in the Mississippi Delta, 1999-2005

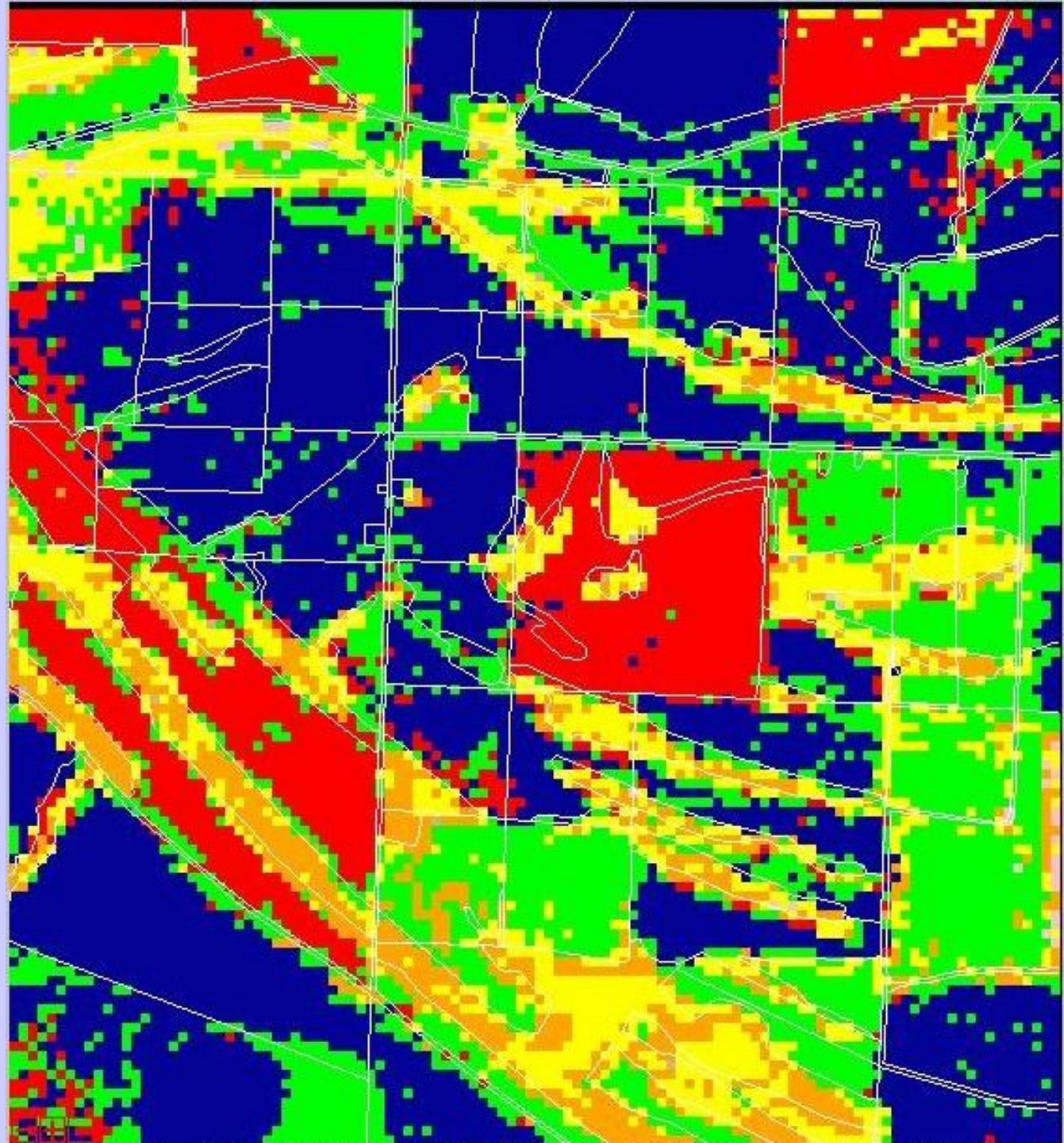


In the crescent moon-shaped part of northwestern Mississippi known as The Delta, cotton is the most profitable crop with rice second.

On an annual basis there are more acres planted to soybeans than any other crop. This overlay display shows good land for cotton and rice and land used for soybeans that could be used in rotation with rice.

Map shows satellite classification ranges from the Cropland Data Layer by Dr. Fred Shore.

Zoom to
Field
Level
Overlay
of MS
CDL05
Bolivar
County



Field Level CDL Data Extraction

Bolivar County had 15,203 fields in 2005

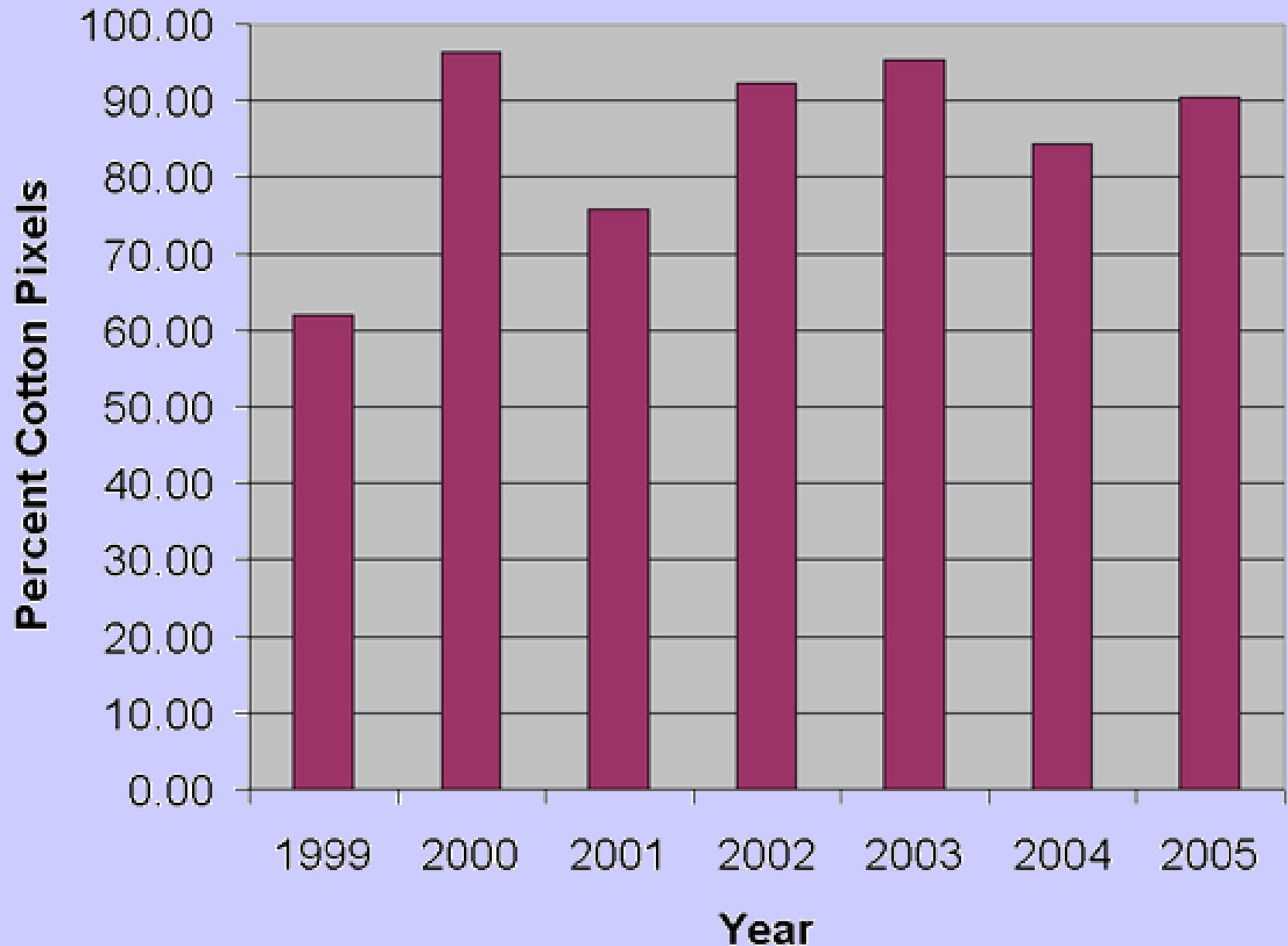
MS05 Output Stats, 8/21/06

ImageFile Name: C:\RSI\CLASSSTATS\MS05ENVIClass

ShapeFile Name:C:\RSI\CLASSSTATS\Bolivar05\clu_a_MS011.shp

Field:			1	282TPixels
Class	Pixels	AccPixels	Percent	Acc Percent
Uncl	0	0	0.000000	0.000000
Corn	0	0	0.000000	0.000000
Cott	255	255	90.425529	90.425529
Rice	0	255	0.000000	90.425529
Sorg	0	255	0.000000	90.425529
Soyb	24	279	8.510638	98.936165
Hay/	0	279	0.000000	98.936165
Fall	0	279	0.000000	98.936165
Tree	1	280	0.354610	99.290771
Clou	0	280	0.000000	99.290771
Urba	2	282	0.709220	99.999992
Wate	0	282	0.000000	99.999992

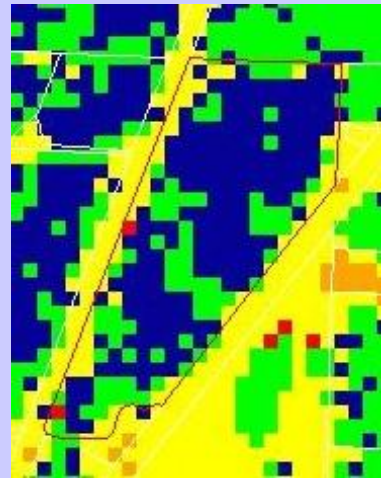
Bolivar County Field 1 Cotton



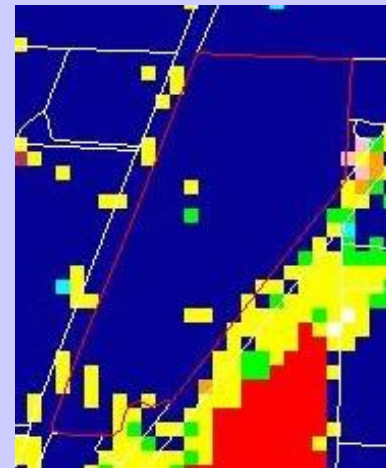
Bolivar County Field 1 by Year

Legend

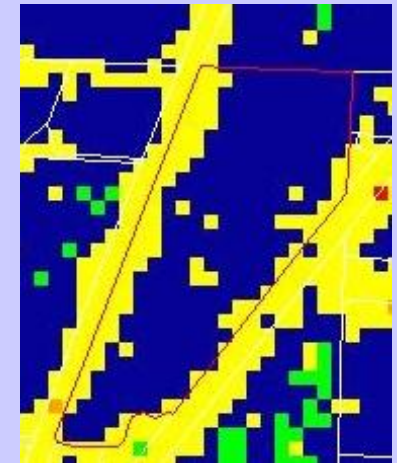
CROPS



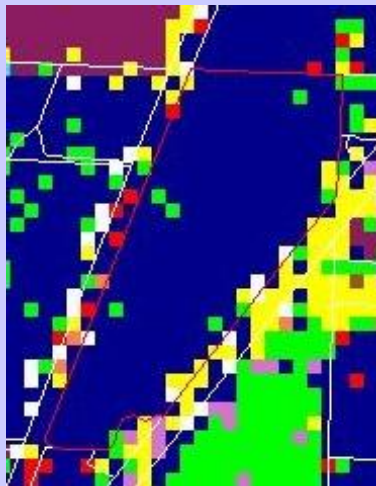
1999



2000



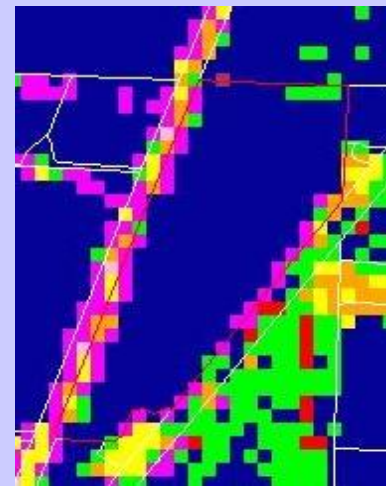
2001



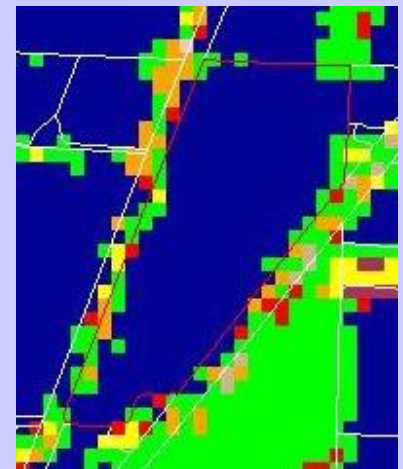
2002



2003



2004



2005

Bolivar County Field 1

2005 Aerial Image, 2006 Flag/Field Picture

Bolivar County
Field 1





Mississippi Observed from 435 Miles
Results

- **Remote sensing is in use since 1999 to track agricultural land use in Mississippi and prepare the GIS layer “The Cropland Data Layer”.**
- **Multiyear Cropland Data Layer maps reveal land use patterns more effectively than single year presentations.**
- **Multiyear field level data can be extracted from the CDL classifications.**
- **Further Cropland Data Layer information is available at www.mdac.state.ms.us and www.nass.usda.gov/ms/.**