The NASS Cropland Data Layer Program:

Potential Cooperator Benefits in Washington State







United States Department of Agriculture

National Agricultural Statistics Service

USDA/NASS Washington Field Office P.O. Box 609, Olympia, WA 98507 (360) 902-1940 Fax (360) 902-2091

Washington **Crop Weather**

Released: July 31, 2006 Week Ending: July 30, 2006 CWP WA-CW3106

Wheat 2005 Acres by County

Crop

What is NASS?

Production

Temperatures Cooled Off Across the State

Field Crops

The temperatures cooled off across the state, especially on the west side where light rains took place over the weekend. The wheat harvest and potato harvest were in full swing, while the green pea harvest ended. Yields from harvested winter wheat have been mostly average. Christmas tree growers were busy shearing Grand fir and top working Noble fir.

> Released Agricult

Range and Pasture conditions continued to decline



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE



PRESS RELEASE

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

United States Department of Agriculture • Washington Washington Field Office · Olympia, W/ Ag Statistics Hotline: 1-800-727-9540 • www.us

Released on July12, 2006

United States Department of Media Co Agriculture



Potatoes and Sweet Potatoes Final Estimates 1997-2002

National Agricultural Statistics Washington's 2006 Potato Acreage U Service



FACT FINDERS FOR AGRICULTURE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTUR

Washington, D.C.

OLYMPIA Wash July 12, 2006-- In a report issued today h

CULT

Agency Background



- United States Dept. of Agriculture
 - National Agricultural Statistics Service
 - June Agricultural Survey (JAS) National in Scope
 - 41,000 farms visited
 - 11,000 one-square mile sample area segments visited
 - Most states contain between 150 400 segments
 - Derive planted acreage estimate
 - Cropland Data Layer piggybacks on JAS
 - Unbiased statistical estimator of crop area
 - State and county level estimates

Program Purpose

AL	Cherokee	1	20	19	15499199	
AL	Cullman	1	20	43	15499199	
AL	De Kalb	1	20	49	15499199	
AL	Etowah	1	20	55	15499199	
AL	Jackson	1	20	71	15499199	
AL	Lauderdale	1	10	77	15499199	
AL	Lawrence	1	10	79	15499199	
AL	Limestone	1	10	83	15499199	
AL	Madison	1	10	89	15499199	
AL	Marshall	1	20	95	15499199	
AL	Morgan	1	10	103	15499199	
AL	Talladega	1	30	121	15499199	
AL	D10 Comb	1	10	888	15499199	
AL	D20 Comb	1	20	888	15499199	
AL	D30 Comb	1	30	888	15499199	
AL	D40 Comb	1	40	888	15499199	
AL	D50 Comb	1	50	888	15499199	
AL	D60 Comb	1	60	888	15499199	
AL	D10 Northe	1	10	999	15499199	
AL	D20 Mount	1	20	999	15499199	
AL	D30 Upper	1	30	999	15499199	
AL	D40 Black	1	40	999	15499199	
AL	D50 Coast	1	50	999	15499199	
AL	D60 Wireg	1	60	999	15499199	



- Remote sensing based cropland acreage indications
 - County and state level "major crops"
- Produce categorized crop specific Cropland Data Layer
 - Distribute to public (CD/DVD)
 - Cost of reproduction
 - Publish accuracy statistics/metadata

Program Players

- USDA/NASS Research Division
 - Spatial Analysis Research Section
 - Remote sensing analysts
 - Software developers
- USDA/Foreign Ag Service
 - PECAD (Production Estimates & Crop Assessment Division)
 - Our satellite imagery source
- State/Federal/University Cooperators
 - Seek partnerships
 - Digitizing & editing
 - Remote sensing analysts









Production Estimates and Crop Assessment Division

23 States & Program Cooperators



Cropland Data Layer Benefits

- Internal
 - Digitize the entire June Agricultural Survey (JAS)
 - Cleans up JAS problems
 - Cropland acreage indications
 - Include other data sets for training (sharing)
 - Vector or raster
 - Create annual CDL products

Cropland Data Layer Benefits

- External
 - Commercial image format GeoTIFF
 - Ortho-rectified image product
 - MDA GeoCover base
 - Detailed breakdown of cropland area
 - Distribute CDL into public domain
 - Access into FAS image archive
 - Access to NASS software and training
 - New methods address non-ag areas

Program Resources

Hardware

Software

- Computational intensive jobs (i.e. cluster/classify/ regression/mosaic)
 - Windows XP
- Digitizing/ground truth editing
 - Windows XP

- Image processing
 - PEDITOR public domain
- Digitizing/ground truth
 - Remote Sensing Project
- Batch job processing
 XLNT COTS
 - www.advsyscon.com
- New research See5.0
 - www.rulequest.com









Program "In-House" Software

- PEDITOR 1970's
 - Developed in Delphi, Pascal and Fortran
 - Performs
 - Digitizing/clustering/classification/estimation/mosaicking
 - Optimized for dual processors
 - "Expert" rules built into processing routines
 - Optimized for area sampling frame processing
- Remote Sensing Project (RSP) 1990's
 - Developed in Microsoft Visual FoxPro
 - Manages ground truth database
 - Performs digitizing and ground truth editing





Acreage Estimation Inputs



Satellite Images Area Frame Strata Boundaries Segment Boundaries Section D from Area Questionnaire

2005 Landsat in the USDA-SIA





USDA Satellite Imagery Archive (USDA-SIA) Contact: Robert Tetrault (202) 690-0130 robert.tetrault@usda.gov http://www.pecad.fas.usda.gov/remote.cfm USDA-SIA Collection includes Landsat 5 and Landsat 7 2005 Calendar year

Why Not Landsat?





News Release

November 30, 2005 Ron Beck

703-648-6168

beck@usgs.gov

Landsat 5 Experiencing Technical Difficulties

On November 26, 2005, the back-up solar array drive on Landsat 5 began exhibiting unusual behavior. The solar array drive maintains the proper pointing angle between the solar array and the sun. The rotation of the solar array drive became sporadic and the solar array was not able to provide the power needed to charge the batteries. Maintaining power to the batteries is critical to sustain proper operation of the spacecraft. The primary solar array drive failed under similar circumstances last January. As a result of this current situation, imaging operations will be suspended for at least the next two weeks or until attempts to solve the problem have been resolved.

Landsat 7 ETM+ SLC failure Landsat 5 TM Solar Array Indian Remote Sensing Satellite: ResourceSat-1 Advanced Wide Field Sensor (AWiFS)

- 370 km swath per quad
- 740 km combined
- 56 m resolution at nadir
- 70 m resolution at scene edges
- Launched 2003



Advanced Wide Field Sensor (AWiFS)

Spectral Bands:

- B2: 0.52-0.59 (Visible Green)
- B3: 0.62-0.68 (Visible Red)
- B4: 0.77-0.86 (Near Infrared
- B5: 1.55-1.70 (Middle infrared)
- 5 day repeat cycle



AWiFS Scene Footprints All scenes ortho-rectified by GeoEye



AWiFS Full Scene 6/19/05

Area Sampling Frame

- Stratify based on percent cultivated land
- Subdivide strata into primary sampling units or PSU's
 - Selected PSU's divided into secondary sampling units or segments
 - Segments are selected randomly & used in successive years
 - 20 percent segment rotation/year
 - Entire sample replaced every 5 years

Washington Land Use Strata

Strata Definitions > 75% Cultivated 25% - 75% Cultivated Agri-Urban > 100 Homes/Sq. Mi. Commercial > 100 Homes/Sq. Mi. < 25% Cultivated, National Forest < 25% Cultivated, Non-Forest Non-Agricultural **Dryland Grain** Water

Project Code 124					OMB N	lo.0535-0213	Approval Expires: 9/30/07		
USDA		2006 June Agricultural Survey				ACCOLORING COLORING	AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE		
	Authority for collection of information on the June Agricultural Survey is Title 7, Section 2204 of the U.S. Code. The information will be used to compile and publish agricultural estimates for individual States and for the United States. Individual reports are held confidential. Response is voluntary.						Washington Field Office P.O. Box 609 Olympia, WA 98507-0609 1-800-435-5883 Fax: 1-800-265-6275 E-mail: nass-wa@nass.usda.gov		
Segment	Number:	JA		estionn	aire county	•	Washington		
State	Stratum	s	egment	TractNo		OFFICE	USE -OPTIONAL		
	00000		0	D 4	07	408			
	DrawDirection	v off field ctly link c	l locatio	n by dir naire to	ect ob	servation	tion		
10. Acresimigat 11. Acresimigat include acre	ed and to be irriga age of each crop	ted [<i>If double cropped,</i> <i>inigated</i> .]	620	620	620	620	620		
12. Spring Wh	eat Plan	ted and to be planted	550	550	550	550	. 550		
Other than D 13. (<i>include c</i> ov)urum ^{er crop)} For:	grain or seed	768	768	768	768	• 768 •		
16. WinterWh	eat Plan	ted	540	540	540	540	540		
(<i>include c</i> ov 17.	er <i>crop</i>) For	grain or seed	541	541	541	541	541		
20. Oats	Plan	ted and to be planted	533	533	533	533	533		
(<i>include c</i> over crop) 21.	er <i>crop</i>) For	arain or seed	534	534	534	534	534		

Segment Boundaries

 June Agricultural Survey (JAS) segments

 Enumerator records field extents, cover types, and acreage

Program Timeline

Classification Overview

Training Data

Categorized output

Raw image

Training Data

Categorized output

Raw image

Scene Analysis Districts

- Can be defined by
 - Contiguous same date coverage
 - Scene edge or county boundary
- Cloud free or near cloud free dates
- Unitemporal
 - One date
- Multi-temporal

 Two date(s) overlay

Regression Template

Mosaic Method

 Run block correlation between all raw images and MDA's GeoCover Stock Mosaic

- Co-register raw images to GeoCover's band 2 (green)
- Register all categorized scenes to GeoCover base
 Use calibration coefficients
- Mosaic all categorized images
 - Establish scene overlap priorities
 - Clip by scene edge or county boundary
 - Mask out clouds via priority schemes

SIGNATURES, PERCENT CORRECT AND KAPPA BY ANALYSIS DISTRICT - ARKANSAS 2000 (Percent Correct on Known Good Fields Only)

State-wide CDL Distribution

ANALYSIS DISTRICT AD01 - DATES = 4/09/00 & 8/31/00 LANDSAT 5 TM - PATH: 23, ROW: 35; 14 CHANNELS 144 CROP / COVER TYPE SIGNATURES						
<u>Mosaic</u> <u>Category</u>	Crop / Cover *	Original# Categories	Original # Pixels	Percent Correct*	Commission Error (%)	Kappa Coefficient
1	CORN	19	2358	98.05	0.39	98.00
2	COTTON	19	19352	95.93	3.54	94.93
81	FILLER	1	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
59	FESCUE SEED	1	105	81.90	18.10	81.89
61	IDLE CROP	10	1458	95.47	10.25	95.40
62	NON AGRIC	10	7795	71.19	10.28	69.24

- Held until county estimates released
- Bundle images with <u>ESRI's ArcReader</u>
 - Ancillary vector layers
 - Area Sampling Frame
- No copyright restrictions
- Publish accuracy statistics

LANDSAT COVERAGE / ANALYSIS DISTRICTS 2000 or 2001

REGRESSION ANALYSIS - BY CROP 2000 or 2001

SIGNATURES, PERCENT CORRECT AND KAPPA - BY ANALYSIS DISTRICT 2000 or 2001

SAMPLING AND AREA FRAME INFORMATION (BOTH YEARS)

Bingham County, ID CDL AWiFS

Categories

Program Summary

New Program Research

- Regression tree analysis
 - See5.0 <u>www.rulequest.com</u>
 - Use Erdas Imagine to prep imagery
 - Allows for overlay of ancillary dataset masks – NLCD/MRLC
 - Analyze numerous image layers
 - Builds regression trees based on points

AWiFS Time Series 2005

New Program Research

- Evaluate SAS as estimator
- Using FSA as training data

Pixel Sq meter/acres- .2224

Pixel Sq meters/acres - .2224

Arkansas State Level Estimates as % Over/Under Agricultural Statistics Board (Final)

% Over/Under ASB Final

Ag Market Segmentation	Agribusiness planning	Analyses of Co2 fluxes		
Analyzing watersheds, soil utilizations, & crop rotations	Assist with water use estimates	Assisting in education, research & outreach		
Background data for research development	Background information for land use categories	Business analysis		
Carbon cycle research	Comparison with our Climate Atlas	Crop rotation analysis		
Data for students to practice on in Advanced Cartography class	Demographic Research	Determine acres of crop type within conservation projects		
Distribution of land among forest, urban, crops & water.	Doing a theoretical radioactive plume impact assessment for crops	Environ lanscape analysis		
Epidemiological research	Fertilizer Company looking at where the acres are	Fertilizer usage/potential		
For archival purposes	GIS analysis of Mallard nesting sites/targeting restoration activities	GIS Reference layer		
Globle irrigated area mapping	Habitat project planning	Incorporate these data sets into other landcover studies		
Land cover analysis	Land use and conservation issues along the rural-urban interface	Landcover to calibrate/validate in house classifications		
Mapping crop areas, using MODIS images in global scale	Market data analysis for land sales and appraisals	Market research		
Modeling of environmental impacts from agriculture	Modelling support	Nutrient load in watershed modeling		
Overlay with health statistics to estimate pesticide exposures	Post-stratification of forest inventory estimates	Precision farming, land classification		
Research on future crop loss	Scientific research	Soil erosion prediction		
Study for transportation project	study hurrican damage	Study of climate effects on vegetation		
Teaching	To be used for Eco System modeling	To compare changes in cropping patterns overtime for Nebraska		
To understand heterogeneity within AVHRR pixels	To use for analysis of deer habitat	Trend analysis of cropping patterns and verification of other data sources		
Undergraduate teaching	Understand crop density distribution for selecting research locations	Use in spatial analysis by GIS consultants to crop protection industry		
Use for agro-ecological zones for crop classification algorithm	Use to develop land management/rotation data files	Used for a project involving the tillage adoption by crop for counties		
Used for risk assessment for pesticides/gene flow project	Used to constrain an ecosystem process model for estimating crop productivity	Validate landuse forecast model based on prior landuse classification		
Will be used by our Water Use Program Manager	Will be used to aid in emergency operations, planning and recovery efforts for the State of Mississippi	Wish to test as input into area crop production estimation & watershed models		

Van Well Nurserv

Descention of students from the University of Washington and

Research by a team of students from the University of Washington suggests that satellite remote-sensing technology could be used to map Pacific Northwest grape and tree fruit crops each year, to provide growers with timely information for decision making.

Students Joan Johnson, Steve Cudd, and Carlito Tolentino looked at the possibility of combining commercial satellite imagery with processing software to develop detailed digital maps for acreage surveys and a database with information on acreage by crop and variety that can be easily updated. If the software can distinguish between crops, it would mean that growers would no longer have to spend time filling out survey paperwork.

Their research focused on a 28-square-kilometer area between Chelan and Manson in Chelan County, Washington.

More analysis is needed to determine the cost effectiveness, according to the Washington Wine Industry Foundation, which provided funding for the project from a U.S. Department of Agriculture risk management grant.

August 1st, 2006 Vol. 57 No. 13 MEXICO

Pruit display at Reil Pruit Stand near Wenatchee, Washington. Photo by Lance Johnson, Yakima, Washington.

http://www.goodfruit.com/briefs.php?brief=183

varieties

Summer 2006

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 Florida Commercial Citrus Inventory Now Maintained with GIS

For more than 40 years, a primary mission of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS)/Florida Field Office (FFO) has been to produce a biennial census of Florida's commercial citrus trees. The Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services cooperate on this task sponsored by the Florida citrus industry. The number of trees in production, along with acres utilized, variety, and year planted, is tabulated. The data is aggregated and published at the county level.

Screen shot example of citrus grove boundaries overlaying one-meter resolution aerial imagery.

The census is a major undertaking considering there are nearly 40,000 groves, totaling 700,000 acres, across peninsular Florida dedicated solely to citrus production. On average, about 130 trees are planted per acre, resulting in a total citrus tree count of around 91 million. The majority of harvested fruit is processed into orange or grapefruit juice. Citrus is estimated to be a \$9 billion a year industry and, thus, economically important to the state

http://www.esri.com/news/arcnews/summer06articles/florida-commercial.html

CDL Conclusion

- Seeking partnerships/ opportunities
- Publish CDL & accuracy assessment
 - GeoTIFF images
 - .html
- Evaluate new methods for operational use

Remember, in no case is farmer reported data revealed or derivable from the public use Cropland Data Layer DVD/CD-ROM's