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## Cropland classification accuracy as a function of AWiFS incidence angle

## AWiFS viewing geometry



## Example four quad, same date/path AWiFS collect



31 July 2006

## Angle from nadir calculation



## Comparison of nadir overlap area



31 July 2006

## Inspection of nadir overlap area



## Inspection of across swath reflectance



## Across track reflectance



## West



Nadir


East

## Classification across track study area



## Dominant cover types in region



Cropland
Corn
Soybeans
Winter Wheat
Alfalfa

Non cropland
Grassland
Woodland
Developed
Water

## Classification methodology

1) Mosaic (if needed) same-date AWiFS quads and reproject to common USGS Albers Conic Equal Area projection with 56 m grid cells
2) Sample spatially AWiFS imagery at known ground truth areas (USDA FSA CLU/578 data for agriculture categories and USGS 2001 NLCD for non-agriculture categories)
3) Data-mine samples using Boosted Classification Tree Analysis to derive best fitting decision rules (implemented within Rulequest See5.0)
4) Apply derived decision rules back to input data
5) Create land cover map
6) Assess map accuracy (using independent set of ground truth)


## Example ground truth sampling



USDA 2006 Farm Service Agency CLU/578 Data


USGS 2001 National Land Cover Dataset

## Full swath classification output

Overall Accuracy = 82.5\%
Kappa $=0.758$


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## Accuracy as a function of angle from nadir



## Collects one day before and one day after



## Overlap study areas



## One day different classifications: case A



## Closer inspection: case A



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## One day different classifications: case B

31 July 2006

## East



Overall accuracy: 82.4\% Kappa: 0.751

| Cover Type | Prod. | User |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Corn | 95.5 | 86.6 |
| Soybeans | 94.7 | 89.9 |
| Grassland | 35.2 | 47.3 |
| Woodland | 67.8 | 65.7 |
| Developed | 53.3 | 77.4 |



## Closer inspection: case B



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Corn
Grasslan

## Soybeans

 Water Winter wheat Noodland

$4^{\circ}$

1 August 2006

West


Hie

## Conclusions!

- Incidence angle appears to have minor impact on classification accuracy
- Nadir may not be the best viewing angle despite being best native resolution
- Developed category seems to have the most to lose (or gain) as a function of incidence angle
- Wide swath sensor improves data coverage even if edge pixels compromised


## For the future ?

- Investigate other AWiFS data sets / dates
- Investigate other cover types
- Closer inspection of geometric registration
- Undergo true Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function (BRDF) analysis

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